Supreme Court of the United States.

No. 22.—October Term, 1905.

Corkran Oil and Development Company, Plaintiff in Error, vs. Laurent Arnaudet, Arthur Latreille, Eugene Houssiere et al. } In error to the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana.

[November 13, 1905.]

This was a petitory action commenced by the Corkran Oil and Development Company in the Eighteenth Judicial District Court for the parish of Acadia, Louisiana, on the sixth day of December, A. D. 1901, against Laurent Arnaudet and others, to recover possession of certain real property. Plaintiff alleged that the land was claimed by Anthony Corkran during his lifetime, and by his heirs and legal representatives after his death, and that said claim, known as the "Corkran grant," was finally confirmed to Corkran's heirs and legal representatives by an act of Congress of February 10, 1897, and a patent was issued to them in accordance with the act. That Corkran died in about the year 1819, and his succession was duly opened in St. Landry parish, where he resided, and where the property was situated, and that petitioner acquired title to said property from Corkran's heirs and descendants by acts of sale on various dates specified, said dates being subsequent to November 10, 1901. That neither Corkran and wife, nor any of his heirs, legal representatives or descendants, ever sold or disposed of their rights, title or interests in the land before the sales to petitioner, and petitioner was now the just, true and legal owner of the property. Notwithstanding which, defendants, without legal right or title and against petitioner's rights, had entered upon and now possessed and held said property and refused to deliver the same to petitioner as of right.

The act of Congress referred to is as follows (29 Stat. 517, c. 213):

"Chap. 213. An act to quiet title and possession with respect to certain unconfirmed and located private land claims in the State of Louisiana.

"*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the lands situate in the State of Louisiana, known as the located but unconfirmed private land claims therein, aggregating about eighty thousand acres, and specifically described in the list or tabular statement accompanying the report, dated February

nineteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, made by the surveyor general of Louisiana to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under a resolution of the United States Senate of December second, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, and which report and list were communicated to the Senate by the Secretary of the Interior on March eighth, eighteen hundred and eighty, as Senate Executive Document numbered one hundred and eleven, Forty-sixth Congress, second session, shall be, and the same are hereby, directed to be granted, released, and relinquished by the United States, in fee simple, to the respective owners of the equitable titles thereto, and to their respective heirs and assigns forever, as fully and completely, in every respect whatever, as could be done by patents issued therefor according to law.

"SEC. 2. That nothing contained in this act shall in any manner abridge, divest, impair, injure, or prejudice any valid right, title, or interest of any person or persons in or to any portion or part of the lands mentioned in said first section, the true intent of this act being to relinquish and abandon, grant, give, and concede any and all right, interest, and estate, in law or equity, which the United States is or is supposed to be entitled to in said lands, in favor of all persons, estates, firms, or corporations who would be the true and lawful owners of the same under the laws of Louisiana, including the laws of prescription, in the absence of the said interest and estate of the United States.

"SEC. 3. That the Department of the Interior shall cause patents to issue for such lands, and such patents shall issue in the name of the original claimant as appears in the list or schedule aforesaid, and when issued shall be held to be for the use and benefit of the true and lawful owners as provided in sections one and two of this act."

The patent is as follows:

"The United States of America to all to whom these presents shall come Greeting:

"Whereas, by the act of Congress approved February 10th, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, entitled 'An act to quiet title and possession with respect to certain unconfirmed and located private land claims in the State of Louisiana,' it is provided—

[Here follows the act of February 10, 1897, in full.]

"And whereas, the private land claim of Anthony Corkran, appears in the list of claims embraced in the aforesaid Senate Executive Document numbered one hundred and eleven, and, therefore, stands confirmed and entitled to (a patent under the terms of the) act of Congress hereinbefore recited.

"And whereas, the aforesaid claim has been regularly surveyed as section forty-seven in township nine, south of range two west in the southwestern district of Louisiana, containing five hundred and eighty acres and ninety hundredths of an acre as appears by the plat and descriptive notes thereof on file in the General Land Office of the United States duly approved by Chas. F. Dickinson, U. S. surveyor general for the State of Louisiana, on the thirtieth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, which said plat and descriptive note are herein inserted and made a part of these presents, and are in the words and figures following, to wit:

[Plat and descriptive note.]

"Now know ye, that the United States of America, in consideration of the premises herein set forth, and in conformity with the provisions contained in sections two and three of the aforesaid act of the tenth day of February, one thousand and eight hundred and ninety-seven, has given and granted and by these presents does give and grant unto the said Anthony Cockran and to his heirs and assigns the tract of land embraced and described in the foregoing survey.

"To have and to hold the said tract of land with the appurtenances unto the said Anthony Cockran his heirs, assigns and successors in interest forever."

Dated November 22, 1897.

The defendants filed exceptions, and also answered, admitting that Anthony Corkran, or Cochran, claimed the land in question, and that it was patented to Corkran and his heirs under and according to the act of February 10, 1897, which was fully set forth in the preamble to the patent; and they asserted that the true intent of said act of Congress fully appeared from the second section of the act, and that "under and by virtue of the laws of Louisiana, all the right, title and interest of Anthony Corkran and his heirs in and to the land claimed by plaintiff, and patented as aforesaid to Anthony Corkran and his heirs, had been divested long prior to the issuance of the aforesaid patent, and was held in full and complete ownership long prior to the date of said patent by the authors of defendants, and by defendants, under valid and perfect titles, by and under the laws of Louisiana, including the laws of prescription."

That the authors of defendants and defendants themselves had acquired by true and valid title all the right, title, interest and estate at law or in equity in the lands patented to Anthony Corkran and his heirs prior to the issue of the patent, by virtue of the laws of Louisiana providing for the sale of all lands situated within its borders for non-payment of taxes, by mesne conveyances of said lands from the purchaser at a tax sale December 2, 1882, for unpaid taxes assessed on said realty for the year 1881; and that since said tax sale the real estate in question has always been in the possession of the purchaser at that sale and the authors of defendants and the defendants themselves, and been occupied by them as owners in undisturbed and quiet possession. Defendants further pleaded in bar of the action and in support of their title "the prescription of three, five and ten years, and that the prescription of three years established by article 233 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1898 is a complete bar to this action." Defendants also asserted that they had paid taxes on said property during the time of their possession and had placed thereon valuable improvements, amounting in the aggregate to upwards of twenty thousand dollars. The trial court decided the case on the merits, and found that defendants claimed title to the land in controversy through

Henry Gellert, who purchased the land at a tax sale in 1882, for taxes assessed against said land in the name of Anthony Corkran or his heirs, and set forth the facts on which the court held that the land in controversy was subject to such assessment and sale. The trial court held that the defendants were protected by the prescription of three years, provided in article 233 of the Constitution of 1898, as well as the prescription of three and five years pleaded, and entered judgment for defendants. On appeal, the judgment was affirmed by the Supreme Court of Louisiana, the case being reported 111 La. 563.

That court found as facts that under the act of February 10, 1897, a patent issued on November 22, 1897, to Anthony Corkran and his heirs and assigns for the lands in controversy in this suit; that there was not in the record any previous application for the land or entry thereof by Anthony Corkran, but that the records of the Land Department showed that in 1816 the land was surveyed by Deputy United States Surveyor Aborn, by virtue of "an order from the principal deputy surveyor of the western district, State of Louisiana, and in conformity with a certificate, B No. 1151, from the board of commissioners of the said western district" for Anthony Corkran; that this map and *procès verbal* were approved May 21, 1817, by Gideon Fritz, principal deputy surveyor; that the land was again surveyed in 1875 by P. A. Thibodaux, deputy surveyor, and across his map is written "Claimed by Anthony Corkran—no confirmation found;" that the officers of the United States Land Office refused to dispose of the land under the general land laws of the United States, and finally Congress passed the act of 1897; that on December 27, 1882, the tax collector of the parish of St. Landry executed a deed in favor of Henry Gellert, which was recorded on the same day in the conveyance book of that parish, reciting that on the 2d day of December, 1882, he had adjudicated to said Gellert at public sale the land in controversy, "being the property of Anthony Corkran or his heirs, as per assessment roll of the State of Louisiana of the year 1881, to satisfy a debt due the said State for the unpaid taxes" for said year; and that "the present defendants are admittedly in possession of the land patented to Anthony Corkran or his heirs." And the court held "that the land in controversy was subject to taxation and sale for non-payment of taxes," and that the objection that it was not so subject was untenable.

As to the objection that the tax deed was invalid because of indefiniteness of description the court held that the presumption, after the great lapse of time, was that the assessment roll to which the deed referred was sufficiently precise and definite and was correct and regular, and that defendants were justified in relying on the presumption of regularity in the absence of actual attack upon the tax proceedings.

The court held further that the argument of plaintiff that Corkran and his heirs were without right of any kind in the land in controversy would leave the Government, so far as they were concerned, free to make such disposition of said land as it might think proper, for the result of such argument would be to throw them out of court for want of interest in the subject-matter, their rights resting exclusively upon the Government's acts. The court said:

"If Corcoran or his heirs had no claim of character such as could be enforced or legally entitled to have been recognized, the Government could impose such conditions to the voluntary recognition of the same as it thought proper, and the parties claiming under the act of recognition would be forced to accept them or nothing.

"There is no one before the court claiming rights under the Government adverse to the rights acquired by the parties under the Government, and whatever rights the Government itself might have had, or grounds for objection, it had expressly renounced and waived, not only in favor and behalf of Anthony Corcoran or his heirs, but of any other person who would have had legal rights had the Government itself had none when those rights attached. This renunciation or waiver could as legally and properly have been made by the Government in behalf and in favor of this class of persons as it could have been made in favor of the Corcoran heirs, and that this renunciation and waiver was intended to cover and protect the rights of the latter class appears on the face of the act of Congress. . . .

"Grant that the act of Congress was an original grant to the Corcoran heirs as of date of its passage; it was none the less a grant coupled with conditions and charges in favor of third parties, and the Corcoran heirs were forced to accept the grant with the conditions attached. They could not accept it as far as it might be favorable to them, and repudiate its effect as to other parties. . . . There are no persons claiming adverse rights, and, the Government having expressly renounced and waived her own, plaintiff cannot through her urge them."

The court pointed out that counsel, notwithstanding the provisions of article 233 of the Constitution of 1898 as to the prescription of three years barring an action seeking to annul a tax title, had brought a direct petitory action against defendants in actual possession of the property which they claimed. The court continued:

"On the trial of the case defendants established that they and their authors had been in possession as they had alleged; . . .

"Defendants evidently relied in their pleadings and proof upon article 233 of the Constitution, upon the strength of the defensive position which they would hold when they should have shown an actual corporeal possession of the property claimed by themselves and their authors for nineteen or twenty years as owners, and have traced their rights back to a tax sale."

". . . Defendants do not plead prescription against the petitory, but upon an incidentally raised action of nullity. The sale referred to was strictly a sale for taxes. The property was proceeded against as prop-

erty belonging to Anthony Corcoran or his heirs, and, as matters have now shaped themselves, it must be taken to have belonged to them at the time of the sale. The defendants and their authors not only had corporeal possession prior to 1898, but it extended before the institution of this suit for three years after the adoption of the Constitution of 1898 so that this possession was itself protected permanently from attack by plaintiff by article 233, independently of the merits of the tax title . . . even had the property at the time of the tax sale not been segregated from the public domain, and even though their title to the property had been void. . . . This permanent protection to possession is equivalent to legal ownership. *Pillow* v. *Roberts*, 13 How. 472. . . . Plaintiff had certainly the right even on its own theory to attack defendants' tax title after February, 1897; having failed to institute its proceeding within the three years from the date of the adoption of the Constitution its right of action was forever barred. *In re Lockhard*, 109 La. 740.

"We think the defendants have sustained their defense under both of the prescriptions invoked—that of ten years *acquirendi causa*, and that of three years, under article 233 of the Constitution."

Mr. Chief Justice FULLER, having made the foregoing statement, delivered the opinion of the Court:

In the progress of the case in the trial court no Federal question as such was specifically raised, but when it reached the Supreme Court it was assigned for error that if article 233 of the Constitution of Louisiana of 1898 had the effect of validating the tax sale to Henry Gellert it was in violation of article 5 of the amendments to the Constitution of the United States. Counsel for plaintiff in error admit that this was a misreference, but contend that it was corrected by the petition for rehearing filed after judgment, which alleged a violation of the Fourteenth Amendment, but this came too late, unless the petition was entertained and the point passed on. *Fullerton* v. *Texas*, 196 U. S. 190. And this petition was denied without any observations.

The petition for the writ of error from this court and the assignment of errors herein set up Federal questions, but they form no part of the record on which to determine whether a Federal question was decided by the State court. *Leeper* v. *Texas*, 139 U. S. 462; *Chapin* v. *Fye*, 179 U. S. 127. And counsel further state "that in so far as the errors assigned are said to have violated the due process of law provision of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, they are not pressed."

If it be conceded that plaintiff specially set up and claimed title to the land in controversy under the act of Congress of February 10, 1897, that would not be sufficient to give jurisdiction unless the State courts had decided against such title. But that was not the decision here. What was decided was that the prescribed period having elapsed, article 233 of

the Louisiana Constitution operated as the equivalent of legal title through the tax deed. The correctness of this conclusion depended on the proper construction and application of the provisions of the State Constitution on the facts found, and not on the Constitution or laws of the United States.

The State Constitution of 1898 was adopted and went into effect May 12, 1898. La. Const. 1898, p. 88. Article 233 provided:

"No sale of property for taxes shall be set aside for any cause, except on proof of dual assessment, or of payment of the taxes for which the property was sold prior to the date of sale, unless the proceeding to annul is instituted . . . within three years from the adoption of this constitution, as to sales already made. . . ." Constitution 1898, p. 61.

The record showed that defendants and their authors had been, since 1882, in quiet, peaceable possession of the property in question under a tax title, the validity of which had not been impeached by any direct proceeding; that more than three years had elapsed before the institution of the present action since the adoption of the constitution, (and more than that since the passage of the act of February 10, 1897, and the issue of the patent, November 22, 1897,) and that at any time within such three years plaintiff or its authors might have instituted suit against defendants to annul the sale.

And the decision of the State Supreme Court that, in these circumstances, article 233 made good defendants' title rested on a ground independent of the act of 1897, and involved no Federal question.

Writ of error dismissed.

True copy.

Test:

Clerk Supreme Court, U. S.

54TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. { REPORT No. 2622.

PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS IN LOUISIANA.

JANUARY 26, 1897.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union and ordered to be printed.

Mr. LACEY, from the Committee on the Public Lands, submitted the following

REPORT.

[To accompany S. 1624.]

The Committee on the Public Lands, to whom was referred Senate bill 1624, make report that they have had said bill under consideration and recommend the passage thereof with amendments.

There are various tracts of land in the State of Louisiana, covering in the aggregate about 80,000 acres, involved in this bill. Most of this land is in small tracts, averaging between 200 and 300 acres each, and is under cultivation and has been occupied under claim of title for generations, going back to the French occupancy.

The question has been repeatedly before Congress, and this bill has passed the Senate, and your committee think that more complete relief than is provided in the Senate bill should be granted.

The Senate bill provides for suits in the United States courts for each of the occupants, which will entail a heavy expense of costs and attorneys' fees, and in most of these cases such litigation would be wholly unnecessary. We think that the bill should be so modified as not to place this burden upon the claimants, but at the same time to enable controverted claims to be adjudicated in the courts.

The United States has no disposition to assert its claims to any of these lands. If the Government should assert its title and maintain it successfully, it would follow that the present occupants would only be dispossessed to make way for new settlers under the homestead laws, or perhaps to take title again themselves under homestead claims. A short and brief relinquishment of the Government's title to these claimants having any conflicting rights among themselves to be adjudicated by the proper courts, it seems to us, would be the best method. Should Congress pass the Senate bill in the proposed form, at the end of the five years' time many claimants would be found to have been unable, from various causes, to have availed themselves of its benefits, and another extension would be asked.

Different laws from time to time have been passed for the relief of these claimants, but they have not all availed themselves of the benefits of the laws until the time provided has elapsed. We think that the suggestion of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, as contained in his report in 1874, herein above quoted, would be a better solution of the question than the Senate bill unamended.

The Senate bill can be readily amended so as to grant full relief to the claimants.

The committee recommend that the bill be amended by striking out in line 18 of section 1 the words "as hereafter directed"; also further amend by striking out all of sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9. Amend by adding the following as section 3.

SEC. 3. That the Department of the Interior shall cause patents to issue for such lands, and such patents shall issue in the name of the original claimant as appears in the list or schedule aforesaid, and when issued shall be held to be for the use and benefit of the true and lawful owners, as provided in sections one and two of this act.

The whole history of this question is set out in Senate Ex. Doc. No. 111, Forty-sixth Congress, second session, and we hereto attach said document as a part of this report.

[Senate Ex. Doc. No. 111, Forty-sixth Congress, second session.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, March 8, 1880.

SIR: In answer to Senate resolution of 2d December last, calling for information concerning located but unconfirmed private land claims in the State of Louisiana, I have the honor to transmit herewith copy of report of the surveyor-general of Louisiana on the subject, to whom the matter was referred by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Very respectfully,

C. SCHURZ,
Secretary.

The PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

SURVEYOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE, DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA,
New Orleans, February 19, 1880.

SIR: Herewith I have the honor to submit to you, in compliance with your letter of December 5, 1879, division D, an abstract or tabular statement exhibiting all the unconfirmed located private land claims in Louisiana. This work has been executed in obedience to the resolution of the Senate of the United States of December 2, 1879, communicated to me by your letter. The claims of William Conway, Daniel Clark, and Donaldson & Scott, commonly known as the "Houmas claims," are not embraced in this list, because the question whether they are confirmed or unconfirmed is not only in itself an unsettled one, but is one I do not feel myself at liberty to prejudice. I have the more readily omitted them, also, because Congress is already in possession of every fact connected with these celebrated titles which I could possibly present by incorporating them in the statement.

In laying before you these long-neglected claims, I can not better express my views as to their disposition by Congress than in repeating the portions of the annual reports of this office for the years 1874 and 1877 relating to this subject. They are extracted from the reports of the General Land Office for those years, and are as follows:

[Extracts from report for 1874, pp. 75 to 79.]

Before the next annual report from this office the important act of 22d June, 1860, revived and amended by the act of 10th June, 1872, will have expired its third time. As it has been twice reenacted, and as the class of persons intended to be benefited have had ample time to proceed under its provisions, the probability is it will not be again revived.

Ever since the province of Louisiana was acquired from France by the treaty of 30th April, 1803, the United States have earnestly and patiently sought by every proper expedient to induce persons claiming property in lands by virtue of grant, concession, order of survey, permission to settle, or any other authority whatsoever derived from former sovereigns, to make known their claims to the new government, in order that their lands might be distinguished from the mass of the vacant domain which had vested in that new government by the treaty, and which policy and necessity demanded should be surveyed, brought into market, and speedily sold to reimburse the price paid by the United States for the province. In practically carrying out this obvious and just design many acts were passed, beginning with that of March 2, 1805, and finally ending with the act now under consideration. They are very numerous, and for the most part have long since been repealed, have expired by limitation, or have become obsolete; some of them applied only to particular districts, others to the whole State; some were of short duration, others were more extended, while others still revived, reenacted, explained, or modified those preceding; some provided boards of commissioners, with deputy commissioners, before whom the claims were to be presented, while others, and the larger number, made the

registers and receivers for the established land districts ex officio commissioners for receiving and reporting on the claims; some conferred ample, others limited, powers upon the commissioners, and all denounced severe penalties from time to time against those who failed to present their claims. The old inhabitants, many of them ignorant of the laws, land system, and policy of the new sovereign, and often ignorant, too, of the very language in which it was sought to acquaint them with the changed condition of affairs, manifested reluctance in coming forward, exhibiting, recording, and proving titles they and their ancestors had held under immemorially, paying the recording and other fees, and in general complying with the unusual yet necessary requirements of the law. In the previous changes of sovereignty in the province nothing of the kind had ever been required of them, and they had remained unmolested and in peaceable possession of their estates by each succeeding sovereign.

They remembered or knew the fact that when, in 1762, the ancient province of Louisiana was dismembered and their portion was ceded by France to Spain no requirements whatever were imposed upon them in reference to their lands or titles; but that, on the contrary, the only part of the secret proceedings by which they were handed from one master to another which was revealed to them was the assurance in the very words of their King, "that they may be confirmed in the ownership of their property according to the grants which may have been made to them by the governors and ordonateurs of the colony, and that the said grants be considered, reported, and confirmed by His Catholic Majesty, although they might not have been confirmed by me." (White's Recop., 2, 536.)

They remembered, too, the then very recent transfer of themselves and country from Spain to their former sovereign, the King of France, by the treaty of San Ildefonso of October 1, 1800, in which no duty or requirement had been imposed upon them in relation to their estates, but that, on the contrary, they had been publicly assured by De Casacalvo and Salcedo, when, as commissioners of the King of Spain, they redelivered the province to France, "that the inhabitants should be maintained and protected in the peaceful possession of their property; that all grants and property, of whatever description, derived from the governors of these provinces should be confirmed to them, although not confirmed by His Majesty." (Ibid., p. 194.)

With such precedents and traditions, and with the plain obligations of the treaty of 30th April, 1803, protecting them, ignorant as they were of the necessity which required prompt obedience to the law, viz, that the new sovereign might reverse the policy of every other former sovereign and sell the domain for profit, we can not wonder that so many of the old inhabitants stood upon their ancient possessions, their complete titles which had never been questioned, their treaty guaranties which were too plain for doubt, and refused to undergo the expense and trouble of filing and recording their titles with the boards of commissioners. There was no remedy for the evil, and its results have embarrassed the General Land Office in the survey and sale of the domain in this State from their incipiency to this day. The Federal statutes have uniformly refused to give to private land claims originating with previous sovereigns of the soil any standing in the Federal courts or Executive Departments, and particularly in the Land Department, until they have been, in some of the modes provided by law, submitted to the United States, and by them confirmed, relinquished, or in some mode recognized and established as legal titles.

The records of this office, and particularly the township maps, represent about 288 claims of various grades which, prima facie, are not thus recognized, and which are commonly known as "unconfirmed claims," being usually distinguished on the maps from confirmed claims by words in red ink marked across their face, "No confirmation found."

These 288 claims cover an aggregate of about 80,000 acres. They have been surveyed and represented on the maps from the earliest surveying operations, not in recognition of their validity, but in order to show their areas and situation in case of subsequent confirmation, and for the information of the Department.

They form links in the regular Spanish or French surveys, and show very clearly from their conformity with the uniform rules relative to the calls for either distances, front, depth, quantity, and other calls of the confirmed adjacent titles, that the original locations were by due authority.

They are found, too, situated, like most of the private claims in the State, fronting the streams, lakes, and bayous, and occupying the most valuable lands. At the time the confirmed grants were made, and these were supposed to have been made, no one would petition for or receive any but the best lands, usually situated on navigable streams or lakes, or near the towns and villages. Thus it happens that these unconfirmed claims are as valuable, in point of soil and other natural advantages, as those confirmed, and upon examination are found to be as commonly the cultivated and highly prized homes of bona fide owners as any other land in the State. It is cruel folly to try to alarm such people about such land and teach them the stern necessity of expensive and tedious proceedings in the United States courts or before United States land commissioners in order to have their titles to their homes secured against the entry of the speculator or the homestead settlement of the emigrant. They point you to their often unbroken chains of title, extending back to the days of the Spanish

and even the French dominion, or appeal to their ancestors and their own quiet and undisputed possession extending back perhaps a century, and they can not be persuaded that a just and free Government, which is giving away its land by millions annually will rob them of their homes to give them to others. It may be said the law has been very liberal; that every title of any merit brought to the notice of the Government has been confirmed; that finally the courts themselves have been thrown open by the act of 1860, and equitable powers given, in order that titles possessing the slightest merit might be protected; that it is time now to take action by the surveying and land department, and bring this long-pending and vexatious subject to a close, and that it is fair to presume, after so great a lapse of time and so many opportunities neglected, that the claimants really have no titles and never had any, or else they would have exhibited them and secured their confirmation by the Government. But there are a great many answers to these reflections.

The Supreme Court of the United States, in Soulard *vs.* The United States (4 Pet., 511), Delassus *vs.* The United States (9 Pet., 117), Choteau's Heirs *vs.* The United States (9 Pet., 137), and in other cases, early decided that all property of whatever nature was protected by the treaty of 1803, and that no principle was better settled than that inchoate titles to land were property. The court went so far as to say such titles and such property would have been equally sacred in a republican form of government under the laws of nations without any treaty stipulations.

With this language addressed to them by the highest tribunal known to the law, on the one side, and the legislature on the other, denouncing the penalties of nullity and exclusion from the courts as the consequence of failure to file and record the same titles, can it be surprising that many hesitated, procrastinated, and finally, as time wore on, with its mortality, loss of papers, transfers of ownership, and other mutations, that they finally failed to take any action? The latter acts have provided mainly for suits in the United States district court for confirmation of these titles, but claimants had to come, with their attorneys and witnesses, from every part of the State to this city, where alone the sessions of the district court are held, and this at much expense, and in instituting suit had to prepare for conducting it also before the Supreme Court at Washington, as the act requires every case to go there for final decision if the court below decides for the claimant. And even in the event of final success before the Supreme Court the law did not allow costs. The claimant must pay them and his attorney's fees whether successful or not. The poverty, too, of many of the claimants, and their indisposition to sustain outlays for lands yearly becoming less valuable, have doubtless frequently rendered them lukewarm. But the leading and principal cause is to be found in the fact that many of the occupants of the unconfirmed claims are not aware of the law under which they might proceed, now so rapidly drawing to its close, or else, and which is far more universally true, they are in total ignorance of the fact that their lands are shown upon our records as "unconfirmed claims." Their ignorance on the latter head can produce no wonder.

The question of confirmation in particular cases is one of the nicest legal nature, requiring close examination of the records of this and the land offices by persons possessing skillful and technical knowledge in land law, aided by the judgment of land lawyers in construing the various statutes bearing on the subject. Some claims which had always been treated by this office, the land offices, and the Department as unconfirmed, and so shown upon the township maps, have by such examinations been found to be confirmed, and patents have issued; and the inference is just that similar researches might reveal a few other confirmations not now supposed to exist. That these claims are regarded as unconfirmed by the United States is a fact that very few land owners have ever become acquainted with. It is known to this office that many of the most intelligent and wealthy of our citizens are totally ignorant of the fact that their plantations and homes are on lands marked on our records "No confirmation found."

These claims have always held an anomalous attitude on our records and before the Executive Department, and even in the courts their status has been unfixed and varying, the State courts at times deciding, in local contests, that the treaty protects them, and presuming a grant from ancient undisturbed possession; and the Federal courts, on the other hand, holding that before they are cognizable some confirmation or acknowledgment by the new sovereign must be shown. They have neither consistently and strictly been treated by this office or the local land offices as public land, and subdivided and sold as such, nor have they been, on the other hand, treated as private property and respected as such.

Before the war the occupants of them were permitted in many cases to cover them with State internal improvement or school warrants, thus securing through the State the Federal title. Never having been offered as public land, strictly, they could not employ cash or military land warrants for this purpose. Since the war, and in consequence of the homestead act abolishing the old modes of entry and location of the public land, this expensive and tedious mode of protecting themselves has been denied the owners of these claims, and they are now left to the inadequate relief provided by that law alone.

In the meantime they are a prey on which designing men seek to operate by making homestead applications, frequently taking in their most valuable improvements.

The requirements of your instructions to the land offices of August 5, 1870, the necessity of deposits and surveys at their own expense before entries can be allowed in most cases, and particularly the general impression that the act of June 22, 1860, protects these claims until its expiration, have almost entirely suspended this class of homestead applications. But with the final expiration of the act on the 10th of June next there will probably be a revival of them, and then the duties which may devolve on this office will be onerous in the extreme.

Under the act of May 30, 1862, section 10, and amendments, this office will be required to send deputies to subdivide these claims upon the application of every person making the required deposit and intending to make settlement and claim the same under the homestead act. If this were done in many cases it would produce great ill feeling, and might result in opposition to the deputies, enforcing them while on duty in the field to seek the protection of the United States authorities, as is in such cases specially provided by law.

In the annual report of the Bureau for 1872, page 69, it is contemplated, after the expiration of the act of 1860, to treat as public land all these claims not then sued on or filed for confirmation before the commissioners, and this may foreshadow some prompt and practical measure. Compared with the large number of located unconfirmed claims in the State, so few have been sued on or filed that they amount to little as an element of calculation.

The United States district attorney states that only ten claims have been put in suit, and the register and receiver of the consolidated land office here (commissioners under the act, before whom the claims may be filed if not sued on in the district court) say that only eleven claims have been filed before them. Reference is here made only to the unconfirmed claims located and held in possession by the claimants.

It may thus be seen how few claims will be taken out of the category of public lands by the time the act finally expires, or, in other words, how many the Department will have to deal with as public lands. With proper respect for the opinions of my predecessors, and all who have tried to solve this perplexing problem, with a regard for the rights and dignity of the Government, as well as the feelings and peculiar interests of my fellow-citizens, I submit that there is but one simple, complete, and practicable remedy for the evil. A short, simple act should be passed by Congress, whose preamble should recite the anomalous necessity demanding it, at once and forever relinquishing all title of the United States in the particular tracts, to be specially enumerated in the act by their township and sectional designations, in favor of such persons as would, under the laws of Louisiana, be the true, legal, and equitable owners of such lands, in the absence of any claim or title in the United States, enabling all persons who, under the laws of Louisiana, might maintain a prescriptive title to the lands in question to plead such prescription against the United States, and all persons claiming under or through them. This act would procure good feeling and confidence, and cure defects in titles which have long embarrassed the Land Department of the Government.

There are only about 80,000 acres covered by these claims. If the United States, therefore, now sold their public lands for profit, as they formerly did, the value would be trifling as compared with the good to be attained. But when we see that the Government is giving her lands away to every foreign emigrant or other persons who will ask for them, or to corporations, the proposed relinquishment commends itself to every just mind, and it becomes always a matter unworthy of argument when we consider the past history of the Department with relation to these claims, and observe that public opinion, political or personal influence, or the appeals of natural justice have always, separately or conjointly, interfered with its action in carrying to its logical conclusion the legal hypothesis that they are public lands, and liable to disposition as such. It may be safely said that the Government can not, in practice, make any disposition of these lands. The influences above stated have never yet allowed sales of them, and the disposal of them now or in the future, under the homestead acts, would meet with the same influences, and the homestead applicants in nearly every instance of actual settlement would be violently opposed. No act of Congress requiring action by the owners of these claims will reach the evil or advance the remedy.

The reasons for this have already been given, as stated. Such laws have been extant, with a few short intermissions, since 1805. It is, therefore, again earnestly recommended, as an effective, permanent, and just settlement of this whole perplexity, that Congress pass an act allowing all persons who might, under the laws of Louisiana, plead prescription in support of their titles to any of these lands (specifying them in the act by section, township, and range), when called in question in any tribunal, State or Federal, to plead such prescription with equal force and effect against the paramount title of the United States.

[Extracts from report for 1877, pp. 221, 222.]

UNCONFIRMED PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS IN LOUISIANA.

This subject still attracts attention, and I think it my duty again to briefly allude to it, in order that through you Congress may be informed correctly upon the subject. In this connection I can not do better than recall your attention to what I had the honor to lay before you in my report for 1874, published in the bureau report for that year, pages 76, 77, 78, and 79. Nothing has occurred to induce me to modify or abandon any of the reasons then advanced in favor of a general act of Congress which, proprio vigore, would forever quiet this class of claims and relieve the Land Department and Congress of a fruitful source of annoyance and labor.

Practically, the United States can make no disposition of the land covered by these claims, and they would not if they could.

They embrace but about 80,000 acres in all, excluding, of course, the Houmas and a few other large grants. In nearly every case are embraced in the limits valuable plantations or farms which have been long since surveyed and represented upon the usual township maps, and hence are susceptible of being readily described in any bill which might be passed for their confirmation, by their proper designation as to section, township, range, and area. Should policy, prudence, or other consideration oppose such wholesale divestiture of right by Congressional action, whereby it might be feared a dangerous precedent might be established, then I would recommend an act similar to the Missouri act of June 12, 1866. The objects of that act were confined to lots or other lands within the city of Saint Louis, of which prior confirmations, relinquishments, or recognitions of title by the United States were predicable. The evil to be remedied was the difficulty proprietors met in showing documentary and other evidence of title or boundaries against the United States, and the act liberally allowed the United States district court at Saint Louis, with right of appeal to the circuit court, to adjudicate the question of prior confirmation, recognition, or relinquishment, with boundaries, and to afford appropriate evidence of the facts found in a proper decree.

The parallelism between the case of the Saint Louis lot owners and the occupants of the unconfirmed claims in Louisiana is closer than at first glance it might appear; for although antecedent title against the sovereign was pleadable in favor of the former, and founded the right to a decree declaratory of its existence and limits, and the theory of the latter is that no proof of title can be shown against that sovereign, yet in point of practice we know that examination and research develop such title in many cases, and that in all the sovereign impliedly admits its existence by nonclaim and indifference. Indeed, if the strict principles of law applicable to royal lands in England, immemorially enjoyed and occupied in opposition to the Crown, should by our courts be applied to the class of lands under consideration, it may safely be assumed that the ancient and continued occupation and enjoyment of these lands in a public and unequivocal manner, with the full knowledge and sufferance of the sovereign, would afford judicial proof of the existence of grants good against the United States but lost through lapse of time. Hence it would not be stretching the Missouri precedent very far to apply it to the lands in Louisiana immemorially possessed by her citizens, who are unable to exhibit their grants and boundaries. Although I favor, for reasons stated in my report for 1874, an act of relinquishment which will require no expensive legal or other proceedings on the part of its beneficiaries, yet if such an act would be unwise, one similar to the Missouri act would be the next best thing, and against it certainly no objections could be urged. Congress should pass one or the other of these acts at once, because the present anomalous condition of these lands exposes their possessors to vexations, annoyances, and suspicions, and in some cases to depreciation in value of plantations consisting in whole or part of such claims.

The foregoing will show the evil and the proposed remedy. The views of this office then expressed have not been changed. Any measure of relief adopted to be of practical value should be entirely free and spontaneous, requiring no expensive and tedious proceedings on the part of the intended beneficiaries. In the event an act of general relinquishment is adopted, incorporating or referring to the schedule of claims to which its benefits apply, how far it might then be wise or convenient to the beneficiaries to require them to apply for plats and certificates to show that their respective claims fall within the act is a matter for your better judgment to decide. It would certainly be useful in all cases, and necessary in many, that the owners or occupants of these lands should be in possession of some tangible evidence that any general relinquishment to be granted by Congress included the particular tract or tracts occupied by them.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. H. BREWSTER,
Surveyor-General Louisiana.

Hon. J. A. WILLIAMSON,
Commissioner General Land Office, Washington, D. C.

A list of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, prepared by the surveyor-general of Louisiana, in pursuance of a resolution of the United States Senate of December 2, 1879, communicated by letter from the Commissioner of General Land Office of December 5, 1879, Division D.

Where situated		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southeastern	Ascension	32	11 S.	14 E.	201.17	1842	On right bank of Mississippi River and right bank of Bayou Lafourche, opposite Donaldsonville.	Gabriel Winter.
	do	37	11 S.	14 E.	23.50	1842	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 1¼ miles below Donaldsonville.	Francisco Hidalgo.
	do	38	11 S.	14 E.	23.92	1842	do	Juan Ignacio Hidalgo.
	do	40	11 S.	14 E.	67.24	1842	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 2 miles below Donaldsonville.	Juan Antonio Mendez.
	do	41	11 S.	14 E.	101.20	1842	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 2½ miles below Donaldsonville.	Hernandez Francisco.
	do	42	11 S.	14 E.	66.40	1842	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 3 miles below Donaldsonville.	Joseph Hidalgo.
	do	43	11 S.	14 E.	96.92	1842	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 5 miles below Donaldsonville.	Daniel Smith.
	do	54	11 S.	14 E.	23.80	1842	do	John Vage.
	do	55	11 S.	14 E.	27.00	1842	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 5¼ miles below Donaldsonville.	Joseph Bustimenta.
	do	66	11 S.	14 E.	64.40	1842	do	Miguel Alonzo.
	do	67	11 S.	14 E.	56.85	1842	do	Francisco Aleman.
	do	1	11 S.	15 E.	912.98	1843	On right bank of Mississippi River, 3½ miles below Donaldsonville.	Heirs of Wade Hampton.
	do	7	11 S.	15 E.	27.05	1843	On right bank of Mississippi River, 2½ miles below Donaldsonville.	E. Lacroix.
	do	20	8 S.	2 E.	.....	1877	On right bank of Bayou Manchac, opposite Hope Villa.	Martin Dixon.
	do	18	8 S.	2 E.	254.02	1682	do	Edward Flowers.
	do	16	8 S.	2 E.	994.46	1632	do	E. Flowers.
	do	15	8 S.	2 E.	261.63	1682	On right bank of Bayou Manchac, 2 miles above Hope Villa.	Henry King.
	do	14	8 S.	2 E.	415.33	1682	On right bank of Bayou Manchac, 2½ miles above Hope Villa.	John Almon.*
	do	17	8 S.	2 E.	25.58	1871	On right bank of Amite River, 2 miles south of Port Vincent.	Galves Town.
	do	41	9 S.	2 E.	25.84	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 15 miles above Donaldsonville.	Pierre Hebert.
	do	43	9 S.	2 E.	72.19	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 14 miles above Donaldsonville.	Frazier.
	do	32	10 S.	2 E.	159.45	1850	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 5 miles above Donaldsonville.	Penney.

* Special plat issued February 20, 1878.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southeastern	Ascension	48	10 S.	2 E.	16.74	1850	Opposite Donaldsonville	Nabor Brand.
	do	62	10 S.	2 E.	11.61	1850	do	Do.
	do	16	11 S.	2 E.	19.34	1850	do	Do.
	do	17	11 S.	2 E.	30.05	1850	do	Do.
	do	5	10 S.	2 E.	5.79	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 11 miles above Donaldsonville.	Frazier.
	do	6	10 S.	2 E.	13.10	1830	do	Donate Hebert.
	do	9	10 S.	3 E.	48.12	1830	do	Firmin Dupuis.
	do	8	10 S.	3 E.	505.33	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 6 miles below Donaldsonville.	Wade Hampton.
	Assumption	1	12 S.	13 E.	10.89	1830	Seven miles southeast of Donaldsonville	Tonio.
	do	15	12 S.	13 E.	19.68	1830	Ten miles southeast of Donaldsonville	Paul Landry.
	do	1	12 S.	14 E.	1.43	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 5½ miles below Donaldsonville.	Francisco Aleman.
	do	7	12 S.	14 E.	197.81	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 6½ miles below Donaldsonville.	F. Landry.
	do	8	12 S.	14 E.	201.85	1829	do	Neil McDonald.
	do	9	12 S.	14 E.	232.72	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 7 miles below Donaldsonville.	Benj. Leblanc.
	do	10	12 S.	14 E.	255.20	1829	do	Pierre Joseph Landry.
	do	11	12 S.	14 E.	254.60	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 7½ miles below Donaldsonville.	Pierre Leblanc.
	do	14	12 S.	14 E.	174.54	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 8 miles below Donaldsonville.	J. Gomez.
	do	15	12 S.	14 E.	255.99	1829	do	M. Aldom.
	do	16	12 S.	14 E.	186.17	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 8½ miles below Donaldsonville.	Vincent Hernandez.
	do	17	12 S.	14 E.		1829	do	F. Landry.
	do	20	12 S.	14 E.	139.63	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 9 miles below Donaldsonville.	J. Laquier.
	do	23	12 S.	14 E.	139.63	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 9½ miles below Donaldsonville.	Paul Landry.
	do	26	12 S.	14 E.	197.81	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 10 miles below Donaldsonville.	J. Landry.
	do	28	12 S.	14 E.	302.53	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lefourche, 10½ miles below Donaldsonville.	J. Cheiodo.
	do	29	12 S.	14 E.	320.50	1829	do	P. Landry.
	do	31	12 S.	14 E.	169.00	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 11 miles below Donaldsonville.	J. Guidry.

.....do	87	12 S.	14 E.	110.20	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 12½ miles below Donaldsonville.	C. Daigle.
.....do	49	12 S.	14 E.	216.00	1829	8 miles southwest of Donaldsonville	Tonic.
.....do	76	12 S.	14 E.	116.36	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 6 miles below Donaldsonville.	J. F. Martinez.
.....do	80	12 S.	14 E.	104.72	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 6½ miles below Donaldsonville.	A. Alemand.
.....do	85	12 S.	14 E.	104.72	1829	.....do	Blard Placentia.
.....do	91	12 S.	14 E.	.....	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 7 miles below Donaldsonville.	Pablo Navane.
.....do	95	12 S.	14 E.	69.81	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 7½ miles below Donaldsonville.	J. Mendoza.
.....do	97	12 S.	14 E.	12.00	1829	.....do	A. Acosta.
.....do	98	12 S.	14 E.	174.54	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 8 miles below Donaldsonville.	D. Acosta.
.....do	102	12 S.	14 E.	104.72	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 8½ miles below Donaldsonville.	Juan Allemand.
.....do	106	12 S.	14 E.	127.99	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 9 miles below Donaldsonville.	Vincent Hernandez.
.....do	109	12 S.	14 E.	392.35	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 9½ miles below Donaldsonville.	Antoine Truillo.
.....do	112	12 S.	14 E.	200.17	1829	.....do	J. R. Menas.
.....do	114	12 S.	14 E.	69.60	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 10 miles below Donaldsonville.	Augustin.
.....do	115	12 S.	14 E.	65.80	1829	.....do	Louis D. Leon.
.....do	116	12 S.	14 E.	54.60	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 10½ miles below Donaldsonville.	S. Verret.
.....do	117	12 S.	14 E.	64.40	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 11½ miles below Donaldsonville.	Do.
.....do	118	12 S.	14 E.	215.60	1829	.....do	Leblanc & Tolleret.
.....do	119	12 S.	14 E.	151.20	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 12 miles below Donaldsonville.	P. Labour.
.....do	120	12 S.	14 E.	119.90	1829	.....do	P. Gotreau.
.....do	121	12 S.	14 E.	180.17	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 12½ miles below Donaldsonville.	A. Mullar.
.....do	122	12 S.	14 E.	267.62	1829	.....do	C. Bourg.
.....do	123	12 S.	14 E.	282.75	1829	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 13 miles below Donaldsonville.	Church.
.....do	135	12 S.	14 E.	1.20	1829	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 12 miles below Donaldsonville.	Pierre Hebert.
Iberville	11	9 S.	12 E.	237.72	1842	On right bank of Mississippi River, near Plaquemine	Joseph Thompson.
.....do	14	9 S.	12 E.	358.27	1842	.....do	A. Rodrigues.
.....do	5	9 S.	13 E.	216.89	1829	On right bank of Mississippi River, 6 miles below Plaquemine	Diego Hernandez.
.....do	49	9 S.	13 E.	134.60	1829	On right bank of Mississippi River, 4 miles below Plaquemine.	Olivier Hernandez.
.....do	50	9 S.	13 E.	137.99	1829	.....do	Joseph Hebert.
.....do	52	9 S.	13 E.	32.75	1829	On right bank of Mississippi River, 3½ miles below Plaquemine.	Joseph A. Leblanc.
.....do	53	9 S.	13 E.	122.77	1829	.....do	Vital Rivet.
.....do	59	9 S.	13 E.	51.38	1829	On right bank of Mississippi River, 5 miles below Plaquemine.	Landry & Hernandez.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southeastern	Iberville	60	9 S.	13 E.	11.69	1829	On right bank of Mississippi River, 7½ miles below Plaquemine.	Iberville Church.
	do	61	9 S.	13 E.	48.77	1829	On right bank of Mississippi River, 7 miles below Plaquemine.	Michel Garrieul.
	do	2	10 S.	13 E.	32.99	1829	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 13 miles above Donaldsonville.	Achille Sigur.
	do	3	10 S.	13 E.	25.35	1829	do	Do.
	do	4	10 S.	13 E.	44.96	1829	do	Do.
	do	5	10 S.	13 E.	71.26	1829	do	Do.
	do	6	10 S.	13 E.	166.19	1829	do	Baptiste Bebegeron.
	do	17	10 S.	13 E.	172.57	1829	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 14 miles above Donaldsonville.	Baptiste Bebegeron, John Baptiste Melancon, and Baptiste Rebegeron.
	do	25	10 S.	13 E.	66.00	1829	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 16 miles above Donaldsonville.	Madam John Irwin.
	do	12	8 S.	1 E.	3.46	1843	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 18 miles above Donaldsonville.	Carlos De Armas.
	do	4	8 S.	1 E.	160.00	1830	About 13 miles southeast of Baton Rouge	Paul Hebert.
	do	8	8 S.	1 E.	44.65	1820	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 12 miles below Baton Rouge.	Madam Brahan.
	do	9	8 S.	1 E.	35.58	1830	About 12 miles southeast of Baton Rouge	J. P. Duppy.
	do	10	8 S.	1 E.	19.66	1830	do	Esteven Herbert.
	do	11	8 S.	1 E.	27.32	1830	do	Maximilian Leblanc.
	do	1	8 S.	1 E.	5.30	1830	do	Alexander Herbert.
	do	11	8 S.	1 W.	15.46	1860	do	Francois Herbert.
	do	6	9 S.	1 W.	125.34	1860	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 20 miles below Baton Rouge.	E. J. Gay, under claimant.
	do	18	9 S.	1 E.	91.95	1843	do	Do.
	do	20	9 S.	1 E.	169.42	1843	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2 miles below Plaquemine.	Paul Hebert.
	do	22	9 S.	1 E.	197.70	1843	do	François Hebert.
	do	57	9 S.	1 E.	335.44	1843	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2½ miles below Plaquemine.	John B. Babin.
	do	24	9 S.	1 E.	288.48	1843	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 3 miles below Plaquemine.	Amand Richard.
	do	98	9 S.	1 E.	8.10	1843	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 4 miles below Plaquemine.	Pedro Forest.
	do	99	9 S.	1 E.	21.02	1843	do	Do.
	do	100	9 S.	1 E.	19.14	1843	do	Do.
							do	Do.

.....do	35	9 S.	1 E.	119.75	1843	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 4½ miles below Plaquemine.	P. Chaisson.
.....do	101	9 S.	1 E.	.44	1843	.....do	Do.
.....do	102	9 S.	1 E.	30.98	1843	.....do	Do.
.....do	103	9 S.	1 E.	21.33	1843	.....do	Do.
.....do	42	9 S.	1 E.	78.53	1843	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 6 miles below Plaquemine.	J. B. Dupuy.
.....do	68	9 S.	1 E.	73.61	1843	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 13 miles below Plaquemine.	Peter Richard.
.....do	107	9 S.	1 E.	.38	1843	.....do	Do.
.....do	108	9 S.	1 E.	45.45	1843	.....do	Do.
.....do	111	9 S.	1 E.	41.31	1843	.....do	Do.
.....do	85	9 S.	1 E.	240.46	1843	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 14 miles below Plaquemine.	Charles Braud.
.....do	77	9 S.	1 E.	8.20	1843	.....do	Do.
.....do	98	9 S.	1 E.	8.10	1843	.....do	Do.
.....do	86	9 S.	1 E.	74.12	1843	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 15 miles below Plaquemine.	M. Breau.
.....do	70	9 S.	1 E.	351.23	1843	.....do	Winfree.
.....do	81	9 S.	1 E.	127.75	1843	Near Bayou Braud, about 7 miles SE. of Plaquemine	Z. and S. D. Blain.
Jefferson	17	13 S.	23 E.	56.91	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 6 miles above New Orleans.	Heirs of William Delery.
.....do	3	13 S.	24 E.	78.50	1853	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 3 miles above New Orleans.	Hill.
.....do	4	13 S.	24 E.	180.92	1853	.....do	Charles Derbigny.
.....do	5	13 S.	24 E.	179.93	1853	.....do	G. N. Destrehan.
.....do	34	13 S.	24 E.	20.02	1852	.....do	Philip Peter.
.....do	35	13 S.	24 E.	6.42	1868	.....do	V. Salvador.
.....do	36	13 S.	24 E.	25.66	1868	.....do	Francis Volant Labarre.
.....do	6	14 S.	23 E.	80.37	1853	About 11 miles southwest of New Orleans	Widow Delery.
.....do	64	14 S.	23 E.	205.88	1853	About 13 miles southwest of New Orleans	Martha Dauphin.*
.....do	103	14 S.	23 E.	35.53	1853	.....do	Laurent Millaudon.
.....do	40	14 S.	24 E.	13.66	1855	About 2 miles south of Gretna	P. N. Destrehan.
.....do	41	14 S.	24 E.	20.19	1855	.....do	Charles Derbigny.
.....do	42	14 S.	24 E.	20.41	1855	.....do	Hill.
.....do	57	14 S.	24 E.	8.76	1855	.....do	Francis Volant Labarre.
.....do	58	14 S.	24 E.	1.95	1855	.....do	V. Salvador.
.....do	59	14 S.	24 E.	5.52	1855	.....do	Philip Peter.
.....do	61	14 S.	24 E.	21.46	1855	About 4 miles southeast of Algiers	Felix Villeré.†
.....do	51	12 S.	10 E.	123.11	1853	On Lake Pontchartrain, about 10 miles northwest of New Orleans.	Mme. Buss.
.....do	52	12 S.	10 E.	8.45	1853	On Bayou Metairie, about 7 miles northwest of New Orleans.	Do.
.....do	55	12 S.	10 E.	122.60	1853	On Lake Pontchartrain, about 10 miles northwest of New Orleans.	Joseph Wederstrandt.
.....do	56	12 S.	10 E.	14.52	1853	On Bayou Metairie, about 7 miles northwest of New Orleans.	Do.
.....do	57	12 S.	10 E.	6.68	1853	.....do	Do.‡
Lafourche, interior	15	14 S.	16 E.	8.10	1860	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, about 3 miles above Thibodeauxville.	John Boudrum.

* Claimed under Spanish patent dated March 1, 1796. † Conflicts with claim of B. Jourdin, Pierre Jourdin, and Manuel Hod. ‡ Conflicts with claim of Jean Bte. Castillon.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southeastern	Lafourche, interior	24	14 S.	16 E.	250.27	1830	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, about 2 miles above Thibodeauxville.	Olivia Pitre.
do		27	14 S.	16 E.	232.72	1830	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, about 1 mile above Thibodeauxville.	Domagus Stapho.
do		29	14 S.	16 E.	56.00	1830	½ mile north of Thibodeauxville	Margaret Crocket.
do		30	15 S.	15 E.	53.10	1830	4 miles west of Thibodeauxville	Lambert Bellardin.
do		34	15 S.	15 E.	34.74	1830	do	André Leblanc.
do		35	15 S.	15 E.	43.00	1830	do	Hypollitte Leblanc.
do		Lot 2, 16	15 S.	17 E.	103.27	1872	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 1½ miles below Lafourche Crossing station.	Firmin Guedry.
do		Lot 3, 16	15 S.	17 E.	103.74	1872	do	Tranquille Areeman.
do		Lot 1, 21	15 S.	17 E.	106.72	1872	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 2½ miles below Lafourche Crossing station.	Joseph Pichoff.
do		Lot 2, 21	15 S.	17 E.	56.20	1872	do	Jean Charles Broussard.
do		28	15 S.	17 E.	59.40	1872	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 4 miles below Lafourche Crossing station.	Michel Branorabi.
do		29	15 S.	17 E.	258.11	1872	do	Pierre Dufrene.
do		53	15 S.	17 E.	173.52	1872	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 2 miles below Lafourche Crossing station.	Jean Baptiste Bourgeois.
do		70	15 S.	17 E.	95.37	1872	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 2 miles above Lafourche Crossing station.	Pierre Gotreau.
do		9	15 S.	18 E.	96.61	1872	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 3 miles below Raceland	Cayatan Cassa.
do		20	15 S.	18 E.	48.78	1872	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 4 miles below Raceland	A. Domangues.
do		23	15 S.	18 E.	1.	1872	On right bank of Bayou Lafourche, 6 miles below Raceland	Paul M. Boudreau.
do		25	15 S.	18 E.	25.54	1857	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 6 miles below Raceland	No name given.
do		111	15 S.	18 E.	2.69	1857	do	Do.
do		35	15 S.	19 E.	122.80	1857	6 miles east of Raceland	Do.
do		36	15 S.	19 E.	141.91	1857	do	Do.
do		37	16 S.	18 E.	6.96	1857	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, 6 miles below Raceland	Do.
do		38	16 S.	18 E.	36.06	1857	do	Do.
do		52	16 S.	18 E.	67.25	1872	2½ miles southeast of Raceland	Cavantan Cassa.
do		63	16 S.	18 E.	84.90	1872	4 miles southeast of Raceland	A. Domangues.
do		66	16 S.	18 E.	398.79	1872	On right bank of Bayou of Lafourche, about 6 miles below Raceland.	Paul M. Boudreaux.
do		32	16 S.	19 E.	12.51	1858	On left bank of Bayou Lafourche, about 7 miles above Lockport.	No name given.
Orleans		39	12 S.	11 E.	297.00	1871	Near Carrollton	B. McCarty.
do		62	12 S.	11 E.	7.47	1871	In New Orleans	Bonrepos.
do		63	12 S.	11 E.	27.47	1871	do	Grenier.

.....do	64	12 S.	11 E.	44.53	1871	.....do	Larrivée.
.....do	65	12 S.	11 E.	93.54	1871	.....do	Pradell.
.....do	66	12 S.	11 E.	3.18	1871	.....do	Grenier.*
.....do	67	12 S.	11 E.	16.50	1871	.....do	Larrivée.†
.....do	68	12 S.	11 E.	47.00	1871	.....do	Pradell.
.....do	90	12 S.	11 E.	12.80	1871	.....do	Michel.
.....do	91	12 S.	11 E.	11.54	1871	.....do	Mad. Bertrand.
.....do	93	12 S.	11 E.	5.06	1871	.....do	Fleitas.
.....do	96	12 S.	11 E.	33.81	1871	On Bayou Saint John, near New Orleans	Leblanc.
.....do	109	12 S.	11 E.	3.13	1871	On Bayou Saint John, ½ mile from Lake Pontchartrain...	Miguel.
.....do	126	12 S.	11 E.	88.76	1871	On Lake Pontchartrain, 6 miles north of New Orleans	Heirs of Lavergne.
.....do	136	12 S.	11 E.	0.53	1871	One-fourth of a mile S. W. of Ridge Cemeteries in New Orleans.	Alexander Baudin.†
.....do	140	12 S.	11 E.	30.69	1871	On Bayou Saint John, in New Orleans, and on Orleans Canal.	Gabriel Fondvergne and others.
.....do	141	12 S.	11 E.	18.44	1871	Near Bayou St. John, in New Orleans, and on Orleans Canal	Widow Alpuente.
.....do	142	12 S.	11 E.	5.77	1871	.....do	J. L. Alpuente.
.....do	143	12 S.	11 E.	6.24	1871	.....do	H. Courcelles.
.....do	145	12 S.	11 E.	6.87	1871	.....do	J. Vienne.
.....do	146	12 S.	11 E.	47.32	1871	On Bayou Metairie, near Ridge Cemeteries, in New Orleans.	Gabriel Jason.
.....do	147	12 S.	11 E.	29.66	1871	.....do	Manon de Miro.
.....do	148	12 S.	11 E.	70.23	1871	.....do	Alexander Boudin.
.....do	150	12 S.	11 E.	152.14	1871	On left bank of Mississippi River, in front of New Orleans.	N. Daunois.
.....do	151	12 S.	11 E.	51.73	1871	.....do	Cotton Press Co.
.....do	152	12 S.	11 E.	79.16	1871	.....do	J. Mouligut.
.....do	153	12 S.	11 E.	214.94	1871	.....do	L. B. Declouet.
.....do	154	12 S.	11 E.	49.36	1871	.....do	F. Montreuil.
.....do	157	12 S.	11 E.	942.41	1871	On Bayou Gentilly, opposite fortifications in New Orleans.	J. Hopkins.
.....do	158	12 S.	11 E.	320.45	1871	On Bayou Gentilly, 3 miles from New Orleans.....	Howe & Martin.
.....do	159	12 S.	11 E.	74.49	1871	Fronts on Bayou Road street, in New Orleans.....	P. Guesno.
.....do	160	12 S.	11 E.	18.43	1871	Fronts on Claiborne street, in New Orleans.....	Manuel White.
.....do	161	12 S.	11 E.	46.59	1871	.....do	Duchamp.
.....do	162	12 S.	11 E.	9.04	1871	Fronts on Bayou Road, in New Orleans.....	F. Perault and others.
.....do	163	12 S.	11 E.	76.15	1871	Fronts on Bayou Saint John, near New Orleans.....	Daniel Clark.
.....do	164	12 S.	11 E.	168.37	1871	Fronts on Bayou Gentilly, near fortifications in New Orleans.	Darcantel.
.....do	165	12 S.	11 E.	119.20	1871	Fronts on Bayou Gentilly, ½ mile above Marigny Canal, New Orleans.	Pierre Martel.
.....do	166	12 S.	11 E.	233.47	1871	Fronts on Bayou St. John, on Marigny Canal, New Orleans.	Howe & Martin.
.....do	167	12 S.	11 E.	290.92	1871	Fair Grounds in New Orleans.....	Widow Fortin.
.....do	183	12 S.	11 E.	7.81	1871	Fronts on Bayou Road street, in New Orleans.....	W. Fleitas and others.
.....do	184	12 S.	11 E.	6.52	1871	.....do	Mme. Dumaine.
.....do	185	12 S.	11 E.	2.77	1871	.....do	F. Girod.
.....do	188	12 S.	11 E.	48.56	1871	Back of fortifications in New Orleans.....	Darcantel.‡
.....do	189	12 S.	11 E.	17.95	1871	On Pontchartrain Railroad; 3 miles from New Orleans....	J. Hopkins.‡
.....do	190	12 S.	11 E.	5.06	1871	On Lake Pontchartrain, at the mouth of Bayou St. John..	Tamboury & Millandon.
.....do	191	12 S.	11 E.	2.27	1871	.....do	Genois.
.....do	39	12 S.	12 E.	546.32	1873	On Bayou Gentilly, ½ mile west from Gentilly Station, on Chattanooga Railroad.	Pemberton et al.

* Conflicts with claim of B. McCarty.

† In conflict with claim of John McDonough.

‡ Conflicts with the claim of Alex. Milne.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southeastern	Orleans	41	12 S.	12 E.	270.49	1872	On Bayou Gentilly, ½ mile east from Gentilly Station, on Chattanooga Railroad.	W. Hullingerut.
	do	78	12 S.	12 E.	17.00	1872	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2 miles above United States barracks.	Albert Piernas.
	do	56	12 S.	12 E.	70.30	1872	do	C. Lesseps.
	do	73	12 S.	12 E.	52.35	1872	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2½ miles above United States barracks.	F. Montreuil.
	do	74	12 S.	12 E.	24.77	1872	do	L. B. Duclonet.
	do	75	12 S.	12 E.	16.05	1872	Two miles east of United States barracks	State of Louisiana, under Pintard.
	do	77	12 S.	12 E.	0.34	1872	One mile southwest of Gentilly Station, on Chattanooga Railroad.	Pemberton et al.
	do	15	13 S.	11 E.	504.07	1871	On left bank of Mississippi River, in Carrollton	B. McCarthy.
	do	23	13 S.	11 E.	50.32	1871	In New Orleans	Solet.
	do	24	13 S.	11 E.	153.38	1871	do	Bonrepos.
	do	25	13 S.	11 E.	125.65	1871	do	Grenier.
	do	26	13 S.	11 E.	110.21	1871	do	Larivee.
	do	27	13 S.	11 E.	92.10	1871	do	Pradell.
	do	9	13 S.	12 E.	67.64	1872	On left bank of Mississippi River, 3 miles below United States barracks.	Onesime Debouchel.
	do	21	13 S.	12 E.	53.35	1872	On left bank of Mississippi River, 1½ miles below United States barracks.	State of Louisiana, under Pintard.
	do	5	13 S.	12 E.	70.29	1872	On left bank of Mississippi River, on English Turn	Dr. Forsyth.
	Pointe Coupee	59	3 S.	9 E.	298.16	1850	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 12 miles above Pointe Coupee.	A. Bourgeat.
	do	60	3 S.	9 E.	23.06	1850	do	A. Bourgeat and Mrs. Dewey.
	do	61	3 S.	9 E.	34.24	1850	do	Mrs. Dewey.
	do	23	4 S.	10 E.	94.94	1858	On right bank of Mississippi River, near Pointe Coupee Village.	Church of Pointe Coupee.
	do	24	4 S.	10 E.	98.98	1858	do	Parish of Pointe Coupee.
	do	15	4 S.	11 E.	294.88	1844	On right bank of Mississippi River, ½ mile south of Waterloo.	Heirs of Nicolas Barra.
	do	69	5 S.	10 E.	563.80	1858	On right bank of False River, 6 miles south of Pointe Coupee.	Legal representatives of Julien Poydras.
	do	92	5 S.	11 E.	264.12	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, near Waterloo	Heirs of Nicholas Barra.
	Plaquemines	31	13 S.	24 E.	309.14	1859	On right bank of Mississippi River, 4 miles below New Orleans.	G. Casebard.
	do	33	13 S.	24 E.	186.27	1859	do	Heirs of J. McDonough.

.....do.....	37	13 S.	24 E.	66.76	1853	.....do.....	B. Soulié and Widow Courcelles.
.....do.....	38	13 S.	24 E.	23.24	1853	.....do.....	F. P. Ducongé.
.....do.....	30	13 S.	24 E.	9.64	1853	On right bank of Mississippi River, 5 miles below New Orleans.	Representatives of Thomas Ramos, deceased.
.....do.....	2	13 S.	25 E.	66.53	1853	.....do.....	Do.
.....do.....	18	13 S.	25 E.	9.08	1853	On right bank of Mississippi River, 7 miles southeast of New Orleans.	Felix Villeré.
.....do.....	20	13 S.	25 E.	3.72	1853	.....do.....	Constance Larche.
.....do.....	1	14 S.	24 E.	42.78	1855	About 4 miles southeast of Algiers	Felix Villeré.
.....do.....	21	14 S.	24 E.	120.61	1855	About 5 miles south of Gretna	Heirs of Hugues Lavergne.
.....do.....	22	14 S.	24 E.	76.28	1855	.....do.....	Robert Urquhart.
.....do.....	29	14 S.	24 E.	122.98	1855	About 2 miles southeast of Gretna	Heirs of J. McDonough.
.....do.....	89	14 S.	24 E.	256.91	1855	About 5 miles south of Gretna	Robert Urquhart. ‡
.....do.....	90	14 S.	24 E.	327.65	1855	.....do.....	Do. ‖
.....do.....	91	14 S.	24 E.	113.19	1855	About 6 miles south of Gretna	Heirs of Hugues Lavergne. §
.....do.....	92	14 S.	24 E.	72.98	1855	.....do.....	Do. ‖
.....do.....	6	14 S.	25 E.	567.67	1853	On right bank of Mississippi River, at a place called English Turn.	Felix Villeré.
.....do.....	7	14 S.	25 E.	566.16	1853	.....do.....	Constance Larche.
.....do.....	8	14 S.	25 E.	302.88	1853	.....do.....	Felix Villeré. ¶
.....do.....	35	14 S.	25 E.	0.02	1853	1¼ miles northwest of English Turn	Constance Larche. **
.....do.....	36	14 S.	25 E.	0.14	1853	.....do.....	Do.
.....do.....	14	15 S.	24 E.	211.06	1873	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 30 miles below New Orleans.	Widow Martin.
.....do.....	9	16 S.	25 E.	196.87	1874	On right bank of Mississippi River, opposite Saint Sophie.	Packwood.
.....do.....	11	17 S.	25 E.	230.40	1874	.....do.....	Do.
.....do.....	7	17 S.	25 E.	384.09	1831	.....do.....	D. Le Clere.
.....do.....	9	17 S.	25 E.	168.02	1831	.....do.....	Adam Frederick.
.....do.....	3	17 S.	26 E.	215.70	1831	On right bank of Mississippi River, opposite Point à la Hache.	François Bistre.
.....do.....	7	17 S.	26 E.	51.45	1831	.....do.....	Madame Jean Lafrance.
.....do.....	14	17 S.	26 E.	405.74	1831	.....do.....	François L'Abbé.
.....do.....	15	17 S.	26 E.	138.72	1831	.....do.....	Etne. Bte. Ivie.
.....do.....	19	17 S.	26 E.	293.45	1831	.....do.....	Wilkinson.
.....do.....	3	18 S.	26 E.	66.09	1831	.....do.....	François Bistre.
.....do.....	4	18 S.	26 E.	18.40	1831	.....do.....	François Pépye.
.....do.....	9	18 S.	26 E.	4.67	1831	.....do.....	Bartlemy.
.....do.....	7	18 S.	27 E.	177.79	1831	On right bank of Mississippi River, 4 miles below Point Michael.	Antoine Silve.
.....do.....	8	18 S.	27 E.	177.79	1831	.....do.....	François Silve.
.....do.....	9	18 S.	27 E.	140.56	1831	.....do.....	Antoine Regas.
.....do.....	10	18 S.	27 E.	120.31	1831	On right bank of Mississippi River, 3 miles below Point Michael.	Jean J. Fite.
.....do.....	11	18 S.	27 E.	226.81	1831	.....do.....	James Light.
.....do.....	13	18 S.	27 E.	398.65	1831	On right bank of Mississippi River, 2 miles below Point Michael.	Brandish & Osgood.
.....do.....	14	18 S.	27 E.	267.75	1831	.....do.....	Denese & Francis.

* In conflict with claim of J. Bte. Castillon.
† The monument of Battle of New Orleans in this section.
‡ Conflicts with claim of J. B. Degruy.
§ Conflicts with claim of S. Roman, and B. M. Dauterive, and J. B. Degruy.
‖ Conflicts with claim of Jean Bte. Degruy.
¶ Conflicts with claim of Thaddeus Mayhew.
** Conflicts with claim of A. M. Dutrow and C. Lacoste.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southeastern	Plaquemines	15	18 S.	27 E.	220.21	1831	On right bank of Mississippi River, 1 mile below Point Michael.	Bartleny.
	do	16	18 S.	27 E.	382.92	1631	On right bank of Mississippi River, ½ mile below Point Michael.	Jeremiah Treadwig.
	do	17	18 S.	27 E.	81.75	1831	On right bank of Mississippi River, ½ mile below Point Michael.	François Rousset.
	do	18	18 S.	27 E.	34.83	1831	On right bank of Mississippi River, ½ mile above Point Michael.	Bartholemew Baptista.
	do	19	18 S.	27 E.	5.00	1831	On right bank of Mississippi River, ½ mile above Point Michael.	Jean Lafrance.
	do	21	20 S.	20 E.	487.20	1873	On right bank of Mississippi River, 2 miles above Fort Jackson.	Petar Silve.
	do	2	14 S.	12 E.	266.38	1831	On left bank of Mississippi River, 4 miles below Saint Bernard.	Arnaud Lanaux.
	do	4	14 S.	12 E.	67.14	1831	On left bank of Mississippi River, 4½ miles below Saint Bernard.	Augustin Dupré.
	do	5	14 S.	12 E.	135.44	1831	do	Thomas Saul.
	do	9	14 S.	12 E.	416.26	1831	On left bank of Mississippi River, 6 miles below Saint Bernard.	Thomas Saul and Ed. Mounce.
	do	11	14 S.	12 E.	219.04	1831	do	Dupuy.
	do	12	14 S.	12 E.	160.00	1831	do	Do.
	do	13	14 S.	12 E.	160.00	1831	do	Do.
	do	14	14 S.	12 E.	160.00	1831	do	Do.
	do	15	14 S.	12 E.	160.00	1831	do	Do.
	do	16	14 S.	12 E.	160.00	1831	do	Do.
	do	17	14 S.	12 E.	393.95	1831	do	François Delery.
	do	20	14 S.	12 E.	308.13	1831	On left bank of Mississippi River, 8 miles below Saint Bernard.	Judge Leonard and General Lacoste.
	do	4	14 S.	13 E.	201.08	1831	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2 miles below Saint Bernard.	Thos. Morgan & Co.
	do	2	15 S.	12 E.	129.92	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, 12 miles below Saint Bernard.	Martin Soye.
	do	6	15 S.	12 E.	245.40	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, 13 miles below Saint Bernard.	Charlotte Gentilly.
	do	7	15 S.	12 E.	160.18	1830	do	Madam Joseph Guesnard.
	do	8	15 S.	12 E.	201.86	1830	do	Jean Nevitt.
	do	9	15 S.	12 E.	103.44	1830	do	Mr. Dannoy.
	do	10	15 S.	12 E.	160.97	1830	do	Mr. Boullion.

.....do.....	11	15 S.	12 E.	135.08	1830	.....do.....	Jeanette Neville.
.....do.....	36	15 S.	12 E.	430.86	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, 16 miles below Saint Sophie.	Jean Vinet.
.....do.....	53	16 S.	13 E.	155.12	1853	On left bank of Mississippi River, 5 miles below Saint Sophie.	Thomas Lafrance.
.....do.....	54	16 S.	13 E.	239.18	1853	.....do.....	F. & J. B. Lafrance.
.....do.....	54	17 S.	13 E.	9.33	1853	.....do.....	Do.
.....do.....	31	16 S.	14 E.	14.10	1853	3 miles north of Point à la Hache.....	Do.
.....do.....	43	16 S.	14 E.	8.05	1853	.....do.....	C. Duplessis.
.....do.....	1	17 S.	14 E.	0.37	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 3 miles above Point à la Hache.	Jacques Lafrance.
.....do.....	2	17 S.	14 E.	2.39	1830	.....do.....	Mrs. Strackham.
.....do.....	3	17 S.	14 E.	22.61	1830	.....do.....	Nora Duplessis.
.....do.....	4	17 S.	14 E.	44.02	1830	.....do.....	Michel Duplessis.
.....do.....	5	17 S.	14 E.	42.90	1830	.....do.....	Cyprian Duplessis.
.....do.....	6	17 S.	14 E.	67.33	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2½ miles above Point à la Hache.	Lablanc.
.....do.....	7	17 S.	14 E.	96.53	1830	.....do.....	Sylvian Duplessis.
.....do.....	8	17 S.	14 E.	92.75	1830	.....do.....	Valfor Duplessis.
.....do.....	9	17 S.	14 E.	97.67	1830	.....do.....	Martin Duplessis.
.....do.....	10	17 S.	14 E.	79.04	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 3 miles above Point à la Hache.	Michel Duplessis.
.....do.....	11	17 S.	14 E.	136.23	1830	.....do.....	Casimer Duplessis.
.....do.....	12	17 S.	14 E.	203.72	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 1½ miles above Point à la Hache.	Charles Dragon.
.....do.....	13	17 S.	14 E.	84.59	1830	.....do.....	Jacques Lafrance.
.....do.....	14	17 S.	14 E.	84.59	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 1 mile above Pointe à la Hache.	Peter Dragon.
.....do.....	15	17 S.	14 E.	169.30	1830	.....do.....	John Joseph Vinar.
.....do.....	16	17 S.	14 E.	130.19	1830	.....do.....	Geruline Moreno.
.....do.....	17	17 S.	14 E.	118.45	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about ½ mile above Pointe à la Hache.	John Joseph.
.....do.....	18	17 S.	14 E.	229.04	1830	.....do.....	André Casse.
.....do.....	19	17 S.	14 E.	104.72	1830	.....do.....	Sira Casse.
.....do.....	20	17 S.	14 E.	63.99	1830	.....do.....	Adolphe Belowaha.
.....do.....	21	17 S.	14 E.	271.84	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about ¼ mile above Pointe à la Hache.	Heirs of Hulbert Dennis.
.....do.....	22	17 S.	14 E.	65.94	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about ¼ mile below Pointe à la Hache.	Martin Fourdin.
.....do.....	23	17 S.	14 E.	224.49	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about ½ mile below Pointe à la Hache.	John Lafrance.
.....do.....	24	17 S.	14 E.	101.46	1830	.....do.....	John Baptiste Silve.
.....do.....	25	17 S.	14 E.	160.88	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about ¾ mile below Pointe à la Hache.	Dgne. Ragas.
.....do.....	26	17 S.	14 E.	67.92	1830	.....do.....	Edward Duga.
.....do.....	27	17 S.	14 E.	101.46	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 1 mile below Pointe à la Hache.	Alexander Ingle.
.....do.....	28	17 S.	14 E.	101.46	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 1¼ miles below Pointe à la Hache.	Henry Ingle.
.....do.....	29	17 S.	14 E.	186.17	1830	.....do.....	Peter Ingle.
.....do.....	30	17 S.	14 E.	101.46	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 1½ miles below Pointe à la Hache.	James Ingle.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southeastern	Plaquemines	31	17 S.	14 E.	101.46	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 1½ miles below Pointe à la Hache.	Bartholomew Fantinel.
	do	32	17 S.	14 E.	741.51	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2 miles below Pointe à la Hache.	Joseph Martin.
	do	43	17 S.	14 E.	68.15	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 4 miles below Pointe à la Hache.	John Ingle.
	Saint James	100	11 S.	15 E.	1.39	1843	3½ miles southeast of Donaldsonville	E. Lacroix.*
	do	101	11 S.	15 E.	1.47	1843	do	Do.†
	do	102	11 S.	15 E.	3.07	1843	do	Do.†
	do	103	11 S.	15 E.	2.57	1843	do	Do.†
	do	35	12 S.	16 E.	83.75	1843	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 10 miles below Donaldsonville.	F. Gagnier, under J. B. Berceron.
	do	3	12 S.	16 E.	213.21	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 15 miles below Donaldsonville.	V. Choppin.
	do	6	12 S.	16 E.	63.15	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 17 miles below Donaldsonville.	A. B. Roman.
	do	7	12 S.	16 E.	233.42	1854	do	Do.
	do	41	13 S.	16 E.	363.29	1854	About 10 miles north of Thibodeauxville	Do.
	do	43	13 S.	16 E.	707.51	1854	do	Do.
	do	47	13 S.	16 E.	91.56	1854	do	V. Choppin.
	do	5	11 S.	3 E.	67.48	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 9 miles above the convent.	John Baptiste Burgeois.
	do	8	11 S.	3 E.	123.92	1830	do	E. Turesand.
	do	9	11 S.	3 E.	197.77	1830	do	Michel Lanone.
	do	22	11 S.	3 E.	306.54	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 8 miles above the convent.	Pierre Lanone.
	do	27	11 S.	3 E.	108.72	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 6½ miles above the convent.	Benjamin Bourg.
	do	38	11 S.	3 E.	277.05	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 5 miles above the convent.	Noel Jordan.
	do	44	11 S.	3 E.	367.59	1830	do	Erala Jacob.
	do	46	11 S.	3 E.	124.24	1830	do	Valentine Goudin.
	do	47	11 S.	3 E.	62.55	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 4 miles above the convent.	Edward Bourgois.
	do	48	11 S.	3 E.	40.49	1830	do	Arman Bourgois.
	do	49	11 S.	3 E.	14.61	1830	do	Joseph Poirie.
	do	50	11 S.	3 E.	12.71	1830	do	Faquier Dechary.
	do	1	11 S.	4 E.	2.82	1830	do	Valentine Goudin.

	do	2	11 S.	4 E.	62.05	1830	do	E. Bourgeois.
	do	3	11 S.	4 E.	85.08	1830	do	Do.
	do	4	11 S.	4 E.	99.30	1830	do	A. Bourgeois.
	do	5	11 S.	4 E.	55.33	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2 miles above the convent.	J. Poirie.
	do	6	11 S.	4 E.	75.19	1830	do	F. Duhaury.
	do	10	11 S.	4 E.	92.50	1830	do	Pierre Dugas.
	do	13	11 S.	4 E.	97.96	1830	do	Michel Migat.
	do	16	11 S.	4 E.	73.77	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2¼ miles above the convent.	E. Blaine.
	do	17	11 S.	4 E.	81.80	1830	do	Madame Blaine.
	do	18	11 S.	4 E.	220.38	1830	do	Benjn., Myr., and Jos. Part.
	do	21	11 S.	4 E.	134.04	1830	do	Boutroy.
	do	23	11 S.	4 E.	434.14	1830	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2 miles above the convent.	Samuel M. Masters.
	do	24	11 S.	4 E.	339.00	1830	do	John Dumaine.
	do	1	11 S.	6 E.	34.63	1856	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 4 miles above Bonnet Carré Church.	R. H. Lee.
	do	4	11 S.	6 E.	46.16	1856	do	Heirs of Chenet.
	do	5	11 S.	6 E.	17.87	1856	do	P. A. Thomas.
	do	6	11 S.	6 E.	164.77	1856	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 3½ miles above Bonnet Carré Church.	R. H. Lee.
	do	37	11 S.	6 E.	144.01	1856	On left bank of Mississippi River, about opposite Bonnet Carré Church.	Madame Rillieux.
	do	12	12 S.	4 E.	67.22	1849	On left bank of Mississippi River, 2 miles above College Point.	Joseph Landry.
	do	23	12 S.	4 E.	25.23	1849	On left bank of Mississippi River, at College Point	Baudet, Vavasseur, and others.
	do	51	12 S.	4 E.	60.03	1849	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 3 miles below College Point.	George Mather.
	do	58	12 S.	4 E.	44.31	1849	do	Widow L. Trudeau.
	do	60	12 S.	4 E.	39.28	1849	do	Do.
	do	62	12 S.	4 E.	9.00	1849	do	Ferry.
	do	1	12 S.	5 E.	5.03	1849	do	Widow Lenon Trudeau.
	do	3	12 S.	5 E.	19.54	1849	do	Ferry.
	Saint John Baptist	10	12 S.	19 E.	81.00	1849	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 3½ miles above Bonnet Carré Point.	Madame Lephirin Barré.
	do	41	12 S.	19 E.	61.84	1849	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 1 mile below Bonnet Carré Point.	Maria M. Darensbourg.
	do	35	11 S.	7 E.	92.19	1846	On left bank of Mississippi River, opposite Bonnet Carré Point.	Lucien Montegut.
	do	36	11 S.	7 E.	85.70	1846	do	Madame Dovesin.
	do	43	11 S.	7 E.	68.90	1846	On left bank of Mississippi River, 2 miles above Bonnet Carré Point.	Madame St. Fort.
	do	43	11 S.	7 E.	84.45	1846	do	Constean.
	do	44	11 S.	7 E.	84.51	1846	do	Madame Elie Duhé.
	Saint Charles	53	13 S.	19 E.	294.44	1849	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 3 miles below Bonnet Carré Point.	Felix Gracia.
	do	56	13 S.	19 E.	110.32	1849	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 3½ miles below Bonnet Carré Point.	Mad. C. Denoerbourg.

* In conflict with the claim of Simon Leblanc.
† In conflict with the claim of Jacques Bakin.
‡ In conflict with the claim of Simon Boudreau.
§ In conflict with the claim of Michel Richard.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southeastern	Saint Charles	111	12 S.	19 E.	108.04	1849	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 2½ miles below Bonnet Carré Point.	Felix Garcia.
	do	21	12 S.	20 E.	37.51	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 6 miles below Bonnet Carré Point.	C. Perret.
	do	4	13 S.	20 E.	134.56	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 3½ miles northwest of Bouté's Station.	J. B. Labranche & Sons.
	do	13	13 S.	20 E.	158.96	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 4 miles northwest of Bouté's Station.	Guillaume Beauvais.*
	do	47	13 S.	20 E.	31.78	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 6 miles below Bonnet Carré Point.	C. Perret.
	do	121	13 S.	20 E.	38.70	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 2 miles north of Bouté's Station.	John L. Labranche.
	do	2	13 S.	21 E.	3.51	1855	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 20 miles above New Orleans.	Do.
	do	13	13 S.	21 E.	84.96	1855	do	François Mayronne.
	do	21	13 S.	21 E.	57.51	1855	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 18 miles above New Orleans.	Pierre Sauvé.
	do	30	13 S.	21 E.	236.04	1885	On right bank of Mississippi River, about 16 miles above New Orleans.	Ambrose Lanfear.
	do	31	13 S.	21 E.	100.21	1855	do	Do.
	do	32	13 S.	21 E.	132.48	1855	do	Do.
	do	65	13 S.	21 E.	321.56	1855	do	Do.
	do	43	14 S.	21 E.	7.72	1855	About 10 miles southeast of Bouté's Station	Do.
	Saint Bernard	4	13 S.	13 E.	1,131.64	1831	On left bank of Mississippi River, 3 miles above Saint Bernard.	C. Chiappella.
	do	22	13 S.	13 E.	764.36	1831	do	Do.
	do	5	13 S.	13 E.	367.37	1831	do	Chippella & Guichard.
	do	24	13 S.	13 E.	1,076.68	1831	do	Do.
	do	6	13 S.	13 E.	531.29	1831	On left bank of Mississippi River, 2 miles above Saint Bernard.	Magloir Guichard.
	do	7	13 S.	13 E.	181.89	1831	do	Antoine Philippin, jr.
	do	8	13 S.	13 E.	304.68	1831	do	Do.
	do	9	13 S.	13 E.	270.77	1831	On left bank of Mississippi River, 1½ miles above Saint Bernard.	Do.
	do	25	13 S.	13 E.	4,515.00	1831	On left bank of Mississippi River, 2 miles northeast of Saint Bernard.	Do.
	do	26	13 S.	13 E.				
	do	27	13 S.	13 E.				
	do	16	13 S.	13 E.	179.31	1831	On Bayou Terre aux Bœuf, 2 miles east of Saint Bernard.	Marin & Wogin.

.....do.....	17	13 S.	13 E.	164.18	1831	.....do.....	Mad. Fond, Perrara, Toras, Guttierey, Guerey, and Guttierey.
.....do.....	18	13 S.	13 E.	169.41	1831	.....do.....	Philip Guttierey, Sardinze, heirs Serpes, Bourg, Lopes, Gonzales, Serpes, and Cantrelle.
.....do.....	19	13 S.	13 E.	175.94	1831	On Bayou Terre aux Bœuf, 2¼ miles east of Saint Bernard.	Juan Esteves, F. Esteves, Serpes, Cantrelle, Vve. Garrick, F. Garrick, Lefevre, and Dumouchelle.
.....do.....	28	13 S.	13 E.	155.09	1831	.....do.....	Manuel Solis, Tomas Solis, Ramon, Laronde, Rodrigues Lamaro, Casinove, and Carlos.
.....do.....	29	13 S.	13 E.	150.10	1831	.....do.....	Bastien Gonzales, Hernandez Acerrado, Ursin Déjan Orsames, Casinove, Melerina, and Medira.
.....do.....	30	13 S.	13 E.	53.44	1831	On Bayou Terre aux Bœuf, 3 miles east of Saint Bernard.	Madam Querida.
.....do.....	32	13 S.	13 E.	220.64	1831	.....do.....	Richardson.
.....do.....	33	13 S.	13 E.	166.53	1831	.....do.....	Do.
.....do.....	34	13 S.	13 E.	160.00	1831	.....do.....	Vve. Joseph Sanches, Diego Sanches, and Antonio Lopes.
.....do.....	9	14 S.	13 E.	48.64	1831	3 miles southeast of Saint Bernard.....	Marin & Wogin.
.....do.....	11	14 S.	13 E.	178.15	1831	.....do.....	Do.
.....do.....	12	14 S.	13 E.	164.13	1831	On Bayou Terre aux Bœuf, 2¼ miles southeast of Saint Bernard.	Madam Josepha Fond, Gabriel Perrara, Francisco Lopes, Bernard Gulttierey, Antoine Guerey, and Antonio Guttierey.
.....do.....	13	14 S.	13 E.	159.41	1831	.....do.....	Philip Guttierez, Bissente Sardigue, heirs of Francisco Serpes, Domingo, John Bte. Bourg, François Lopes, AndreGonzales, Roman Serpes, and Neville Cantrelle.
.....do.....	14	14 S.	14 E.	175.94	1831	.....do.....	Juan Esteves, Fernandez Esteves, Juan Serpes, Joseph Cantrelle, Mad. Vve. Garrick, Fronçois Garrick, Cyprian Lefevre, and Eugeno Dumouchelle.
.....do.....	15	14 S.	13 E.	155.09	1831	.....do.....	Etienne Veillon, Balthazar Livaudais, Manuel Solis, succession Laronde or others. François Rodrigues, Marcelina Lamare, Gabriel Casinove, and François Carlos.

[1] Sold to 1990 to Simeon Horne, rect. 66. See section 21, township 12 south, range 16 east.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southeastern	Saint Bernard	16	14 S.	13 E.	153.60	1831	On Bayou Terre aux Bœuf, 2½ miles southeast of Saint Bernard.	Bastien Gonzales, Joseph Hernandez, Manuel Acerado, Urain Déjan, Joseph Orames, Juan Casinove, Srigoin Melerme, Laurence Medina.
	do	17	14 S.	13 E.	49.94	1831	do	Madame Querida.
	do	19	14 S.	13 E.	98.91	1831	On Bayou Terre aux Bœuf, 3 miles southeast of Saint Bernard.	Richardson.
	do	20	14 S.	13 E.	160.00	1831	do	Do.
	do	21	14 S.	13 E.	160.00	1831	do	Do.
	do	22	14 S.	13 E.	160.00	1831	do	Do.
	do	23	14 S.	13 E.	100.53	1831	On Bayou Terre aux Bœuf, 3½ miles southeast of Saint Bernard.	Madam Sanches, Diego Sanches, and A. Lopez.
	West Baton Rouge	75	5 S.	11 E.	225.85	1854	On right bank of Mississippi River, opposite Port Hudson.	Francis Ménard.
	do	76	5 S.	11 E.	202.58	1854	do	Do.
	do	26	6 S.	12 E.	121.52	1856	On right bank of Mississippi River, 4 miles northwest of Allain.	Edward Daigle.
	do	53	6 S.	12 E.	81.73	1856	do	Miguel Mayer.
	do	39	7 S.	12 E.	25.73	1856	On right bank of Mississippi River, 2 miles northwest of Allain.	Edward Daigle.
	do	121	7 S.	12 E.	41.85	1856	do	Miguel Mayer.
Southwestern	Iberia	38	11 S.	6 E.	38.91	1842	On Spanish Lake, about 3 miles northwest of New Iberia.	Dumerville Olivier.
	do	39	11 S.	6 E.	55.51	1845	do	Romero & Segura.
	do	38	11 S.	7 E.	169.31	1843	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 6 miles southeast of Saint Martinville.	Ant. Bonnain, claimed by Alex. Judice.
	do	32	11 S.	7 E.	890.78	1843	do	Paul Bonnain, claimed by Simon & Devalcourt.
	do	56	11 S.	7 E.	165.82	1843	About 6 miles southeast of Saint Martinville	Louis Judice, now claimed by Hayen & Taylor and A. Despannet De Blanc.
	do	64	11 S.	7 E.	107.38	1843	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 6 miles southeast of Saint Martinville.	Antoine Bonnain.
	do	74	11 S.	7 E.	49.31	1843	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 7 miles southeast of Saint Martinville.	Paul Bonnain.
	do	77	11 S.	7 E.	70.75	1843	do	Jean Dugat.
	do	94	11 S.	7 E.	341.42	1843	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 7 miles southeast of Saint Martinville.	Do.
	do	97	11 S.	7 E.	17.20	1843	About 5 miles southeast of Saint Martinville	Paul Bonnain.*

.....do	53	12 S.	5 E.	260.07	1842	On right bank of Bayou Petit Ance, about 6 miles southwest of New Iberia.	Madam Perret.
.....do	51	12 S.	6 E.	49.42	1848	On left bank of Bayou Teche, ½ mile below New Iberia	J. B. Berrard.
.....do	56	12 S.	6 E.	218.41	1848	About 3 miles northwest of New Iberia	Romero & Segura.
.....do	57	12 S.	6 E.	77.80	1848	.....do	Dumerville Olivier.
.....do	19	12 S.	7 E.	45.94	1844	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about ½ mile below New Iberia.	J. B. Berrard.
La Fayette	83	8 S.	4 E.	164.43	1851	On right bank of Bayou Carencro, about 4 miles south of Grand Coteau.	Joseph Babineau.
.....do	80	8 S.	4 E.	320.50	1851	.....do	Widow Babineau.
.....do	58	8 S.	5 E.	3.52	1854	.....do	Mme. Veuve Babineau.
.....do	67	8 S.	5 E.	156.53	1854	On right bank of Bayou Vermillion, about 8 miles north of Vermillionville.	David Caruthers, Spanish patent, dated March 31, 1778, to Jn. Bte. Melançon and José Prejeant.
.....do	70	8 S.	5 E.	146.38	1854	.....do	Jn. Bte. Melançon, Spanish patent, dated March 31, 1778, to Jn. Bte. Melançon and José Prejeant.
.....do	52	9 S.	4 E.	10.46	1851	Two and one-half miles northeast of Vermillionville	René Broussard.
.....do	77	9 S.	4 E.	6.71	1851	.....do	Joseph Dugat.
.....do	48	9 S.	5 E.	134.43	1854	On right bank of Vermillion River, about 4 miles northeast of Vermillionville.	Louis Arseneau, jr.
.....do	49	9 S.	5 E.	79.40	1854	.....do	Joseph Mouton.
.....do	74	9 S.	5 E.	52.06	1854	.....do	Do.†
.....do	80	9 S.	5 E.	159.88	1854	On right bank of Vermillion River, about 2 miles northeast of Vermillionville.	René Broussard.
.....do	113	9 S.	5 E.	109.09	1854	.....do	Joseph Dugat.
.....do	49	10 S.	4 E.	1.73	1849	On right bank of Bayou Vermillion, about 2 miles south of Vermillionville.	Heirs of Firmin Breaud.
.....do	51	10 S.	4 E.	370.14	1849	On left bank of Bayou Vermillion, about 2 miles south of Vermillionville.	Do.
.....do	53	10 S.	4 E.	291.05	1849	On right bank of Bayou Vermillion, about 2 miles south of Vermillionville.	Do.
.....do	54	10 S.	4 E.	349.00	1849	On right bank of Bayou Vermillion, about 3 miles south of Vermillionville.	Anselm Tibodau.
.....do	55	10 S.	4 E.	314.98	1849	On left bank of Bayou Vermillion, about 3 miles south of Vermillionville.	Do.
.....do	49	10 S.	5 E.	230.84	1855	On left bank of Bayou Tortue, about 3 miles southeast of Vermillionville.	Representatives of Olivier Landry.
.....do	54	10 S.	5 E.	135.22	1855	On left bank of Bayou Tortue, about 4 miles southeast of Vermillionville.	Representatives of Simon Broussard.
.....do	67	10 S.	5 E.	81.80	1855	On left bank of Bayou Tortue, about 10 miles southeast of Vermillionville.	Euclide St. Julien.
.....do	80	10 S.	5 E.	20.80	1855	About 4 miles southeast of Vermillionville	Heirs of Firmin Braud.
.....do	97	10 S.	5 E.	101.95	1855	On left bank of Bayou Tortue, about 5 miles southeast of Vermillionville.	Representatives of Simon Broussard, under Spanish patent of Sept. 6, 1776.‡
.....do	98	10 S.	5 E.	99.87	1855	.....do	Do.‡

*Conflicts with claim of Louis de la Houssaye. †Conflicts with claim of Joseph Saunier. ‡Conflicts with claim of legal representatives of Vital Landry.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southwestern	Saint Landry	108	4 S.	3 E.	182.92	1857	About 6 miles northwest of Washington	Legal representatives of François Guillory.
	do	45	4 S.	3 E.	270.12	1857	About 4 miles northwest of Washington	Jean Bte. De Vidrine.
	do	77	4 S.	3 E.	105.72	1857	do	Pierre Doucet.
	do	96	4 S.	3 E.	3.06	1857	do	Jean Bte. De Vidrine.*
	do	73	4 S.	4 E.	68.58	1857	About 2 miles north of Washington	J. B. Devidrine.
	do	78	4 S.	4 E.	12.80	1857	About 4 miles north of Washington	Legal representatives of François Guillory.
	do	38	5 S.	2 E.	80.51	1872	About 9 miles southwest of Washington	Antoine Belleais.
	do	84	5 S.	3 E.	95.06	1855	do	Do.
	do	136	5 S.	3 E.	98.40	1855	About 6 miles west of Washington	Pierre Doucet, under Spanish patent, June 23, 1781.
	do	43	6 S.	3 E.	6.89	1853	About 1½ miles west of Opelousas	Joseph Grauge.
	do	66	6 S.	4 E.	83.37	1853	On Bayou Tesson, ½ mile south of Opelousas	Do.
	do	112	6 S.	4 E.	142.41	1853	On Bayou Del Puente, 2½ miles southeast of Opelousas	Stephen Cochran.
	do	114	6 S.	4 E.	111.24	1853	do	Gonor.
	do	162	6 S.	4 E.	16.55	1853	One fourth mile north of Opelousas	Church of Opelousas. †
	do	163	6 S.	4 E.	1.70	1853	do	William Shields. †
	do	164	6 S.	4 E.	1.81	1853	do	Piernas. †
	do	165	6 S.	4 E.	0.85	1853	do	Furcy Hallier. †
	do	166	6 S.	4 E.	0.85	1853	do	(†)
	do	167	6 S.	4 E.	0.35	1853	do	(†)
	do	168	6 S.	4 E.	6.38	1853	do	Nathaniel Cochran. †
	do	139	6 S.	4 E.	77.38	1853	Two and one-half miles northeast of Opelousas	Representatives of Jacob Schnell, under French patent to Pellerin.
	do	170	6 S.	4 E.	55.60	1853	Two and one-half miles southeast of Opelousas	Under French patent to Pellerin.
	do	171	6 S.	4 E.	172.45	1853	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 4 miles southeast of Opelousas.	Do.
	do	55	7 S.	5 E.		1875	On left bank of Bayou Teche, 3 miles north of Arnaudville.	Michel Cormier.
	do	59	7 S.	5 E.	95.44	1875	do	Widow Molines.
	do	28	7 S.	6 E.	82.64	1875	do	Michel Cormier.
	do	42	7 S.	6 E.	33.38	1875	do	Widow Molines.
	do	82	8 S.	4 E.	122.53	1851	On left bank of Bayou Carencro, about 4 miles south of Grand Coteau.	Joseph Babineau.
	do	88	8 S.	4 E.	61.70	1851	do	Widow Babineau.
	do	49	8 S.	5 E.	293.11	1854	do	Mme. Veuve Babineau.

.....do	31	5 S.	2 W.	2,792.61	1856	On left bank of Beaver Creek, about 30 miles northwest of Opelousas.	Representatives of Antoine Botedoré.
.....do	47	9 S.	2 W.	580.90	1874	On right bank of Bayou Cannes, about 5 miles northeast of Mermenton.	Anthony Cochran.
Saint Martin's	58	8 S.	6 E.	147.49	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, 1 mile below La Place	Lassabe.
.....do	60	8 S.	6 E.	568.82	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, 3 miles below La Place	Louis Veillon.
.....do	62	8 S.	6 E.	98.93	1854	.....do	Baptiste Calais.
.....do	64	8 S.	6 E.	439.60	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, 4 miles below La Place	John Baptiste Semaire.
.....do	66	8 S.	6 E.	267.24	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 1½ miles below La Place	Auguste Nezat.
.....do	69	8 S.	6 E.	103.93	1854	.....do	Bien Del Homme.
.....do	70	8 S.	6 E.	92.89	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 2 miles below La Place	Alexander Del Homme.
.....do	71	8 S.	6 E.	157.94	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 2½ miles below La Place	Lefroy Roy.
.....do	72	8 S.	6 E.	114.55	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 2¾ miles below La Place	Placide Thibodeaux.
.....do	73	8 S.	6 E.	125.33	1854	.....do	Antoine Nezat.
.....do	74	8 S.	6 E.	158.07	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 3 miles below La Place	Cyprian Roy.
.....do	76	8 S.	6 E.	490.10	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 5 miles below La Place	Widow Lastie Roy.
.....do	77	8 S.	6 E.	322.28	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 4½ miles below La Place	Arameaux and others.
.....do	78	8 S.	6 E.	193.29	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 4 miles below La Place	Widow Pierre Nezat and others.
.....do	79	8 S.	6 E.	171.26	1854	.....do	Widow Pierre Nezat.
.....do	80	8 S.	6 E.	245.36	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, 3 miles below La Place	Celery Dumanjo and Alexander Nezat.
.....do	81	8 S.	6 E.	182.93	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 3 miles below La Place	Alexander Nezat.
.....do	118	9 S.	5 E.	124.85	1854	On left bank of Vermillion River, about 2 miles northeast of Vermillionville.	Paul Braud.‡
.....do	123	9 S.	5 E.	169.74	1854	On left bank of Vermillion River, about 3½ miles northeast of Vermillionville.	Legal representatives of Solomon Malines.
.....do	127	9 S.	5 E.	32.06	1854	On left bank of Vermillion River, about 3 miles east of Vermillionville.	Pierre Broussard.
.....do	69	9 S.	6 E.	189.52	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 5 miles below Braud's Bridge.	Widow of Silvain Broussard.
.....do	73	9 S.	6 E.	216.96	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 6 miles below Braud's Bridge.	Francis Terrio.
.....do	74	9 S.	6 E.	206.19	1854	.....do	No name given.
.....do	77	9 S.	6 E.	23.17	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 6¼ miles below Braud's Bridge.	Michael Cormier.
.....do	79	9 S.	6 E.	51.15	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 6 miles below Braud's Bridge.	No name given.
.....do	80	9 S.	6 E.	149.77	1854	.....do	Francis Terrio.
.....do	84	9 S.	6 E.	160.66	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 5 miles below Braud's Bridge.	Widow of Silvain Broussard.
.....do	110	9 S.	6 E.	171.33	1854	About 2 miles east of Braud's Bridge	Jean Guidry.
.....do	117	9 S.	6 E.	165.36	1854	About 4 miles southeast of Braud's Bridge	Isaac Paul Thibodeaux.
.....do	118	9 S.	6 E.	168.29	1854	.....do	Entered by heirs of H. Savoy as a preemption, receipt 205.
.....do	139	9 S.	6 E.	139.49	1854	About 5 miles southeast of Braud's Bridge	Entered by Anacete Broussard, final certificate 97.
.....do	39	10 S.	6 E.	176.60	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 5 miles above Saint Martinville.	Joseph Landry.

* Conflicts with claim of George King and D. F. Sackett.
† Held under Spanish patent to Antoine Pillet, dated August 1, 1781.
‡ Conflicts with claim of François Regneaud.
§ Conflicts with claim of Adelaide Braud.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Southwestern	St. Martins	41	10 S.	6 E.	152.54	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 4½ miles above Saint Martinville.	Widow Barra.
	do	45	10 S.	6 E.	170.90	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 3 miles above Saint Martinville.	Pierre Broussard.
	do	46	10 S.	6 E.	109.26	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 2½ miles above Saint Martinville.	Alexander Barra.
	do	59	10 S.	6 E.	79.62	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 7 miles above Saint Martinville.	Francis Terrio.
	do	60	10 S.	6 E.	197.85	1854	do	No name given.
	do	66	10 S.	6 E.	117.00	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 5 miles above Saint Martinville.	Representatives of Pierre Neset.
	do	73	10 S.	6 E.	43.00	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 3½ miles above Saint Martinville.	Alexander Declouet.
	do	79	10 S.	6 E.	396.50	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 1 mile above Saint Martinville.	Oliver Duclosel.
	do	85	10 S.	6 E.	19.26	1854	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 1½ miles below Saint Martinville.	Robin.
	do	105	10 S.	6 E.	89.45	1854	On right bank of Bayou Tortue, about 3 miles west of Saint Martinville.	Gravier & Forstall.
	do	109	10 S.	6 E.	1,148.40	1854	About 2 miles northwest of Saint Martinville	Valsin A. Fournet.
	do	122	10 S.	6 E.	117.31	1854	About 6 miles northwest of Saint Martinville	Widow Silvain Broussard.
	do	129	10 S.	6 E.	15.05	1854	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 6 miles above Saint Martinville.	Michel Cormier.
	do	136	10 S.	6 E.	63.88	1854	About 3 miles northwest of Saint Martinville	Legal representatives of Bernard Dauterive.
	do	137	10 S.	6 E.	230.86	1854	On right bank of Bayou Tortue, about 3 miles northwest of Saint Martinville.	Do.
	do	138	10 S.	6 E.	355.68	1854	do	Do.
	do	65	10 S.	7 E.	34.73	1842	About 7 miles northeast of Saint Martinville	Joseph Landry.
	do	71	10 S.	7 E.	126.56	1842	About 5 miles northeast of Saint Martinville	Pierre Broussard.
	do	87	10 S.	7 E.	18.53	1842	do	Do.
	do	72	10 S.	7 E.	109.94	1842	do	Alexander Barra.
	do	56	10 S.	7 E.	0.30	1842	do	Do.
	do	77	10 S.	7 E.	185.66	1843	About 2 miles east of Saint Martinville	Jacques Roman.
	do	83	10 S.	7 E.	46.78	1842	About 6¼ miles northeast of Saint Martinville	Widow Barra.
	do	87	10 S.	5 E.	89.28	1855	On right bank of Bayou Tortue, about 10 miles southeast of Vermillionville.	Valsin A. Fornet, under Louis Judice.
	do	65	11 S.	6 E.	13.50	1855	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about ½ mile below Saint Martinville.	Robin.

	Saint Marys		33	14 S.	10 E.	640.14	1841	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 4 miles above Franklin	Antoine Boutté.
	do		33	14 S.	10 E.	498.90	1841	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 4 miles above Franklin	Do.
	do		41	14 S.	10 E.	569.66	1841	On left bank of Bayou Teche, about 7 miles above Franklin	Baptiste Boutté.
	do		42	14 S.	10 E.	430.74	1841	On right bank of Bayou Teche, about 7 miles above Franklin	Do.
	Vermillion		53	11 S.	4 E.	805.24	1842	On right bank of Bayou Vermillionville, about 5 miles northeast of Abbeville.	Greechin.
	do		54	11 S.	4 E.	153.52	1842	On left bank of Bayou Vermillionville, about 5 miles northeast of Abbeville.	Joseph Trahan.
	do		66	13 S.	3 E.	193.40	1847	On left bank of Bayou Vermillionville, about 4 miles south of Abbeville.	Peter Lee or Whittington Wallace.
	do		68	13 S.	3 E.	0.86	1847	do	John Saint Clair or Whittington Wallace.
	do		71	13 S.	3 E.	12.60	1847	do	Joseph Le Blanc or Thomas Fletcher.
	Rapides		44	1 N.	2 E.	14.25	1847	About 20 miles southeast of Wellswood	Robert Tanner.
	Avoyelles		5	3 N.	4 E.	436.82	1839	About 5 miles north of Marksville	Rd. Wade.
Northwestern	Caddo		1 and 2	19 N.	14 W.	547.62	1840	Opposite Benton (on Old River)	Pedro Colomb.
	Natchitoches		43 lot 3	9 N.	7 W.	1.55	1847	In town of Natchitoches	No name given.
	do		43 lot 6	9 N.	7 W.	0.56	1847	do	Do.
	do		43 lot 16	9 N.	7 W.	11.28	1847	do	Do.
	do		43 lot 24	9 N.	7 W.	1.59	1847	do	Do.
	do		43 lot 26	9 N.	7 W.	4.17	1847	do	Pierre Thomas Metoyer.*
North of Red River	Caldwell			12 N.	3 E.		1847	About 4 miles northwest of Copenhagen	Louis Bouligny, under the Marquis de Maison Rouge.
	do		43	14 N.	4 E.	696.44	1851	On left bank of Ouachita River, about 8 miles below Pinet bluff.	Claimed by Richard King as the true location of the Bayargan claim.
Greensburg	East Feliciana		75	1 S.	1 E.	58.16	1851	On little Comite, about 6 miles northeast of Clinton	Magnkey.
	do		36	1 S.	3 E.	902.04	1845	About ¼ mile south of Woodland	David F. Pool.
	do		44	2 S.	1 E.	6.78	1851	About 4 miles east of Jackson	Stewart & Petty.
	do		56	2 S.	1 E.	1.08	1851	About 4 miles northeast of Jackson	Mrs. Black.
	do		40	2 S.	2 E.	141.56	1846	On Sandy Creek, about 3 miles southeast of Clinton	Edward Story.
	do		71	2 S.	3 E.	303.27	1847	About 6 miles east of Clinton	William Silliman.
	do		81	2 S.	3 E.	277.63	1845	About 3 miles southeast of Clinton	Edward Story.
	do		86	2 S.	3 E.	639.00	1845	About 7 miles southeast of Clinton	James Cobb.
	do		40	2 S.	2 E.	627.38	1851	About 5 miles east of Clinton	John Miller.
	do		51	4 S.	2 W.	568.44	1850	On left bank of Thompsons Creek, 2 miles north of Port Hudson.	James Rally, under Juan Simms.
	do		56	4 S.	2 W.	192.18	1850	About 2¼ miles northeast of Port Hudson	Maria L. Trudeau.
	do		61	4 S.	2 W.	425.91	1850	On left bank of Mississippi River, ¼ mile below Port Hudson.	John Bostier.
	do		32	2 S.	1 W.	47.56	1851	About 2 miles east of Jackson	Mrs. Black.
	do		65	2 S.	1 W.	68.79	1851	About ¼ mile south of Jackson	Samuel Clark.
	do		47	2 S.	1 W.	798.50	1836	About 2½ miles northeast of Jackson	Stewart, under Petty.
	do		60	3 S.	1 W.	182.50	1851	About 10 miles southwest of Jackson	John Murdock.
	do		92	3 S.	1 W.	201.00	1851	About 5 miles south of Jackson	John C. Williams.
	do		93	3 S.	1 W.	402.67	1851	do	Matthew Bethan.
	do		94	3 S.	1 W.	840.60	1851	About 4 miles south of Jackson	Pinkey Smith.
	do		111	3 S.	1 W.	97.60	1851	On Black Creek, about 8 miles southeast of Jackson	John Rhea.
	do		117	3 S.	1 W.	2.44	1851	About 10 miles southwest of Jackson	Catholics of Feliciana.

* Claimed for the last 60 or 70 years.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Greensburg	East Feliciana	72	3 S.	2 W.	68.76	1850	On left bank of Thompson Creek, about 8 miles southwest of Jackson.	John Murdock, under Widow Corno.
	East Baton Rouge	41	5 S.	1 E.	276.66	1853	About 3 miles southeast of Ambrosia	Joseph McNeal, under John Savage.
	do	66	5 S.	2 E.	327.94	1850	About 4 miles northeast of Burlington	Hugh Montgomery.
	do	84	5 S.	3 E.	279.97	1851	do	Do.
	do	41	6 S.	1 E.	144.42	1853	About 6 miles northeast of Baton Rouge	John Nelson.
	do	53	6 S.	1 E.	17.50	1853	About 5 miles northeast of Baton Rouge	Philip Hickey.
	do	35	6 S.	1 E.	414.70	1853	On right bank of Comite River, about 8 miles northeast of Baton Rouge.	William Reynaud and John Mailand.
	do	89	6 S.	1 E.	254.98	1853	About 8 miles northeast of Baton Rouge	Calvin Smith.*
	do	90	6 S.	1 E.	466.08	1853	do	Do.†
	do	97	6 S.	1 E.	195.32	1853	do	Do.‡
	do	79	7 S.	1 E.	548.80	1849	About 3 miles east of Baton Rouge	Fergus and Arnaud Duplantier.
	do	88	7 S.	1 E.	636.18	1849	About 5 miles southeast of Baton Rouge	Elisha T. Hall, under Arthur Denton.
	do	91	7 S.	1 E.	346.79	1849	About 4 miles southeast of Baton Rouge	John Pens.
	do	45	7 S.	2 E.	321.56	1852	On right bank of Amite River, about 12 miles southeast of Baton Rouge.	George Vaughan.
	do	54	7 S.	2 E.	954.13	1852	On right bank of Amite River, about 12 miles southeast of Baton Rouge.	Heirs of E. J. Jones.
	do	37	4 S.	2 W.	480.65	1850	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2 miles below Port Hudson.	Philip Hickey.
	do	93	4 S.	2 W.	295.98	1850	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 1 mile below Port Hudson.	P. Hickey.
	do	54	4 S.	2 W.	272.18	1850	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2 miles below Port Hudson.	Do.
	do	49	5 S.	1 W.	133.49	1853	About 8 miles southeast of Port Hudson	Under Spanish patent to John Wall.
	do	38	5 S.	2 W.	60.44	1853	On left bank of Mississippi River, 3 miles below Port Hudson.	Philip Hickey, under Daniel Hickey.
	do	39	5 S.	2 W.	363.86	1853	On left bank of Mississippi River, 3¼ miles below Port Hudson.	English patent to Thomas Ackens of Nov. 30, 1768.
	do	40	5 S.	2 W.	246.86	1853	Three and a half miles southeast of Port Hudson	Spanish patent to Mr. Proffit of January 28, 1780.
	do	41	5 S.	2 W.	355.92	1853	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 4 miles below Port Hudson.	English patent to Israel Matthews of March 3, 1772.

.....do	42	5 S.	2 W.	276.36	1853	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 4¼ miles below Port Hudson.	English patent to John Marks of January 3, 1769.
.....do	43	5 S.	2 W.	357.70	1853	About 4 miles southeast of Port Hudson	Spanish patent to Da Sibil Nash of April 9, 1794.
.....do	41	6 S.	1 W.	235.14	1853	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 6 miles above Baton Rouge.	Philip Hickey.
.....do	57	6 S.	1 W.	230.39	1853	About 8 miles southeast of Port Hudson	Under Spanish patent to John Wall.
.....do	48	7 S.	1 W.	125.11	1857	In the city of Baton Rouge	Philip Hickey.
.....do	49	7 S.	1 W.	451.98	1857	.....do	Fuselier De La Clair.
.....do	71	7 S.	1 W.	44.17	1857	.....do	United States military reservation.
.....do	76	7 S.	1 W.	2.64	1857	.....do	Lot in the city of Baton Rouge.
.....do	79	7 S.	1 W.	3.19	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	81	7 S.	1 W.	3.40	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	82	7 S.	1 W.	3.40	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	83	7 S.	1 W.	3.42	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	89	7 S.	1 W.	2.79	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	90	7 S.	1 W.	2.77	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	98	7 S.	1 W.	3.19	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	99	7 S.	1 W.	3.20	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	100	7 S.	1 W.	2.61	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	101	7 S.	1 W.	2.61	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	108	7 S.	1 W.	3.50	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	109	7 S.	1 W.	3.50	1857	.....do	Lot in the city of Baton Rouge covered by the claim of Francis Herault and alias.
.....do	109	7 S.	1 W.	3.18	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	111	7 S.	1 W.	3.18	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	112	7 S.	1 W.	3.30	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	113	7 S.	1 W.	3.18	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	114	7 S.	1 W.	3.29	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	115	7 S.	1 W.	3.19	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	116	7 S.	1 W.	3.29	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	117	7 S.	1 W.	3.18	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	118	7 S.	1 W.	3.28	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	119	7 S.	1 W.	3.19	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	120	7 S.	1 W.	3.28	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	121	7 S.	1 W.	3.19	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	122	7 S.	1 W.	3.27	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	123	7 S.	1 W.	3.49	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	124	7 S.	1 W.	3.27	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	125	7 S.	1 W.	3.20	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	126	7 S.	1 W.	3.27	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	127	7 S.	1 W.	3.20	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	128	7 S.	1 W.	3.26	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	129	7 S.	1 W.	3.20	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	130	7 S.	1 W.	3.25	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	131	7 S.	1 W.	3.20	1857	.....do	Do.
.....do	132	7 S.	1 W.	3.25	1857	.....do	Do.

* Conflicts with claim of V. S. Daulton. † Conflicts with claim of V. T. Dalton. ‡ Conflicts with claim of Henry Tibedeaux.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Greensburg	East Baton Rouge	123	7 S.	1 W.	3.21	1857	In the city of Baton Rouge	Lot in the city of Baton Rouge covered by the claim of Francis Herault and alias.
do		124	7 S.	1 W.	3.25	1857	do	Do.
do		125	7 S.	1 W.	3.21	1857	do	Do.
do		126	7 S.	1 W.	3.24	1857	do	Do.
do		127	7 S.	1 W.	3.21	1857	do	Do.
do		128	7 S.	1 W.	3.24	1857	do	Do.
do		139	7 S.	1 W.	3.21	1857	do	Do.
do		140	7 S.	1 W.	3.24	1857	do	Do.
do		141	7 S.	1 W.	3.39	1857	do	Do.
do		142	7 S.	1 W.	3.25	1857	do	Do.
do		143	7 S.	1 W.	3.40	1857	do	Do.
do		145	7 S.	1 W.	3.23	1857	do	Do.
do		146	7 S.	1 W.	3.22	1857	do	Do.
do		147	7 S.	1 W.	3.22	1857	do	Do.
do		73	7 S.	1 W.	39.49	1857	do	Heirs of Philip Hickey and others.
	Livingston	39	5 S.	6 E.	268.49	1844	On right bank of Tickfaw River, about 4 miles southeast of Pine Grove.	Ann McKie.
do		44	7 S.	2 E.	494.77	1852	On left bank of Amite River, about 12 miles southeast of Baton Rouge.	Heirs of Evan and James Jones.
do		65	7 S.	2 E.	116.70	1852	do	Fulton and others.
do		64	7 S.	2 E.	418.36	1852	do	Daniel Boardman.
do		49	7 S.	3 E.	502.36	1852	Two miles west of Bentons Ferry	E. and J. Jones.
do		45	7 S.	3 E.	755.52	1852	do	Fulton and others.
do		36	7 S.	5 E.	640.91	1845	On right bank of Tickfaw River, about 8 miles west of Springfield.	Reuben Denham.
do		30	7 S.	5 E.	620.54	1845	On left bank of Tickfaw River, about 8 miles west of Springfield.	William L. Breed.
do		55	8 S.	4 E.	206.03	1852	On left bank of Amite River, about 6 miles southeast of Port Vincent.	William R. Willis and heirs of Diaz.
do		41	8 S.	6 E.	640.79	1853	On right bank of Tickfaw River, about 6 miles southeast of Springfield.	John Killian.
	Saint Helena	57	1 S.	4 E.	339.60	1848	Northeast corner of township, about 15 miles northwest of Greensburg.	Thomas Bates, under Isham Aldridge.
do		60	2 S.	4 E.	605.70	1845	About 18 miles east of Clinton	Kinchen & Moore.
	Saint Tammany	39	9 S.	13 E.	521.90	1851	On right bank of Bayou Liberty, about 3 miles west of Bonfouca.	Francis Cousin.

.....do	42	9 S.	13 E.	662.76	1828	.....do	Jarod, or Girod.
.....do	41	9 S.	14 E.	302.28	1851	.....do	Francis Cousin.
Tangipahoa	45	3 S.	9 E.	640.56	1849	On Tchefuncta River, about 3 miles south of Welchs Bridge.	Alexander Lee.
West Feliciana	60	1 S.	1 W.	128.76	1852	On right bank of Middle Fork of Thompsons Creek, about 5 miles northwest of Jackson.	John Brown.
.....do	66	1 S.	1 W.	217.27	1852	On right bank of Middle Fork of Thompsons Creek, about 9 miles northwest of Jackson.	Browder & McCausland.
.....do	46	1 S.	2 W.	509.04	1850	About 9 miles northwest of Jackson	Do.
.....do	57	1 S.	2 W.	108.54	1850	On Mill Creek, about 5 miles northwest of Jackson	John Brown.
.....do	65	1 S.	2 W.	399.08	1850	About 12 miles northwest of Tunica Landing	F. A. Browder.
.....do	53	1 S.	3 W.	41.77	1855	.....do	Do.
.....do	56	1 S.	4 W.	16.81	1856	On right bank of Little Bayou Sara, 6 miles northeast of Tunica Landing.	John F. Carmichael.
.....do	57	1 S.	4 W.	907.36	1856	On right bank of Little Bayou Sara, 5 miles northeast of Tunica Landing.	Miss Eliza Barrow.
.....do	41	2 S.	2 W.	340.02	1850	About 8 miles west of Jackson	Patrick McDermott.
.....do	47	2 S.	2 W.	121.13	1850	About 5 miles west of Jackson	Heirs of Robert Flowers.
.....do	51	2 S.	2 W.	480.20	1850	About 6 miles northwest of Jackson	A. Whittaker.
.....do	57	2 S.	2 W.	871.47	1850	About 9 miles northwest of Jackson	Catherine Turnbull.
.....do	81	2 S.	2 W.	254.40	1850	On right bank of Thompsons Creek, about 9 miles northwest of Jackson.	Aquilla Whittaker.
.....do	47	2 S.	3 W.	229.40	1851	About 5 miles northwest of Bayou Sara	John Gainer.
.....do	65	2 S.	3 W.	249.82	1851	On left bank of Alexanders Creek, about 5 miles northeast of Bayou Sara.	Patrick McDermott.
.....do	67	2 S.	3 W.	266.59	1851	On right bank of Alexander's Creek, about 5 miles northeast of Bayou Sara.	Heirs of Patrick McDermott
.....do	70	2 S.	3 W.	85.06	1851	On right bank of Little Bayou Sara, about 6 miles northwest of Bayou Sara.	Heirs of William Barrow.
.....do	83	2 S.	3 W.	227.54	1851	On right bank of Big Bayou Sara, 10 miles north of Bayou Sara.	John Mayer.
.....do	90	2 S.	3 W.	26.70	1851	About 8 miles northwest of Bayou Sara	Alexander Barrow.
.....do	62	2 S.	4 W.	619.02	1852	.....do	Do.
.....do	49	3 S.	2 W.	289.21	1850	About 10 miles northeast of Saint Francisville	Heirs of R. Flower.
.....do	66	3 S.	2 W.	206.75	1850	About 7 miles southeast of Saint Francisville	J. E. Johnson, under R. Delogny.
.....do	82	3 S.	2 W.	366.96	1850	About 7 miles northeast of Saint Francisville	Eliza Barrow.
.....do	106	3 S.	2 W.	49.57	1850	On left bank of Thompson's Creek, about 8 miles southwest of Jackson.	Catholics of Feliciana.
.....do	38	3 S.	3 W.	151.90	1851	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 4 miles above Bayou Sara.	Heirs of Patrick McDermott
.....do	39	3 S.	3 W.	956.56	1851	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 3 miles above Bayou Sara.	Mad. V. Mourain.
.....do	40	3 S.	3 W.	702.44	1851	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 2¼ miles above Bayou Sara.	Ardaud Beauvais.
.....do	50	3 S.	3 W.	193.02	1851	On right bank of Bayou Sara, about 4 miles northwest of Bayou Sara.	Reuben Kemper.
.....do	70	3 S.	3 W.	1,720.46	1852	On left bank of Bayou Sara, about 2 miles above Bayou Sara.	Moses Kirkland.
.....do	77	3 S.	3 W.	4.89	1851	On right bank of Alexander's Creek, about 4 miles northeast of Bayou Sara.	Heirs of Patrick McDermott.

List of the located private land claims in the State of Louisiana, etc.—Continued.

Where situated.		Description by survey.				When surveyed by United States.	Situation with reference to natural objects.	Supposed to be possessed or claimed by—
Land district.	Parish.	Location.	Township.	Range.	Area in acres.			
Greensburg	West Feliciana	78	3 S.	3 W.	62.26	1851	On left bank of Bayou Sara, about 3 miles northwest of Bayou Sara.	George Matthews.
	do	47	3 S.	4 W.	168.86	1852	On left bank of Mississippi River, about 6 miles above Bayou Sara.	Zenon Porche and widow and heirs of Villumine Porche.
	do	48	3 S.	4 W.	172.68	1852		
	do	49	3 S.	4 W.	171.76	1852		
	do	50	3 S.	4 W.	169.24	1852		
	do	41	4 S.	2 W.	127.52	1850	On right bank of Thompson's Creek, 3 miles northwest of Port Hudson.	J. McNeil, under Santiago Rault.
	do	42	4 S.	2 W.	168.09	1850	do	Forbes & Inerarity, under V. S. Pintado.
	do	43	4 S.	2 W.	666.34	1850	About 3½ miles northwest of Port Hudson	J. E. Johnson, under Robin Delogny.
	do	46	4 S.	2 W.	476.07	1850	On right bank of Thompson's Creek, 2½ miles northwest of Port Hudson.	J. E. Johnson, under Antonio Gautier.
	do	47	4 S.	2 W.	208.62	1850	On right bank of Thompsons Creek, 2 miles northwest of Port Hudson.	Xavier Wass, J. E. Johnson.
	do	48	4 S.	2 W.	632.57	1850	On left bank of Mississippi River, 5 miles above Port Hudson.	J. E. Johnson.
	do	49	4 S.	2 W.	2,020.05	1850	On left bank of Mississippi River, 1½ miles above Port Hudson.	Do.

OFFICE OF SURVEYOR-GENERAL, DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA,
New Orleans, February 19, 1880

I do hereby certify that the above and foregoing eighteen pages and this page contain a true and faithful abstract of all the located unconfirmed private land claims situated in the State of Louisiana.

O. H. BREWSTER, *Surveyor-General.*